

ST. ALBERT'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), ERNAKULAM

Affiliated to Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam, Kerala

SYLLABUS FOR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME

BACHELOR OF VOCATION
IN

RENEWABLE ENERGY

UNDER CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM
(WITH EFFECT FROM 2023 ADMISSION)

Syllabus of B.Voc. Renewable Energy

Proposed by the Board of Studies on 7th March 2022

Dr. Louie Frobel P G
Chairman, Board of Studies

Approved by the Academic Council on 14th March 2023

Dr. Bijoy V M , Principal
Chairman, Academic Council

Adopted by the Governing Council on 22.04.2023

Fr. Antony Thoppil
Chairman, Governing Council

Board of Studies

No.	Name	Designation	Qualification
1	Dr. Louie Frobel P G	Chairman of the BoS & HoD, Department of Physics	MSc, M.Phil. PhD
2	Dr.Nandakumar Kalarikkal	Hon. Director of International and Interuniversity Centre for Nanoscience & Nanotechnology, and Associate Professor, School of pure and Applied Physics, Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam - 686560, Kerala, India	MSc, PhD
3	Dr. Pramod Gopinath	Professor, International School of Photonics, CUSAT, Kalamassery	MSc, Ph.D
4	Dr. James Kurian	Professor, Department of Electronics, CUSAT, Kalamassery	M.Tech , Ph.D
5	Dr. Sajeesh T H	Asst. Professor, Department of Physics, St. Albert's College Ernakulam	M.Sc, Ph.D
6	Mr. Augustine Sumesh C J	Asst. Professor, Department of Physics, St. Albert's College Ernakulam	M.Sc, B.Ed
7	Dr. Arun Babu K. P.	Asst. Professor, Department of Physics, St. Albert's College Ernakulam	M.Sc, Ph.D

8	Dr. Lijo Thomas George	Asst. Professor, Department of Physics, St. Albert's College Ernakulam	M.Sc, Ph.D
9	Dr. Anjana R	Asst. Professor, Department of Physics, St. Albert's College Ernakulam	M.Sc, Ph.D
10	Dr. Vimala George	Asst. Professor, Department of Physics St. Xavier's College for women Aluva	M.Sc, Ph.D
11	Dr. Ninan Sajith Philip	Associate Professor, Department of Physics, St. Thomas College, Kozhencherri-689641.	MSc, PhD.
12	Dr. Tripti S. Warrier	Assistant Professor, Department of Electronics, CUSAT, Kalamassery.	B Tech, M Tech, Ph.D
13	Dr. Anand Narayanan	Associate Professor, Department of Earth and Space Science, Indian Institute of Space Science and Technology, TVM	M.Sc., Ph.D
14	Dr. M. K. Jayaraj	Syndicate member, and Professor Department of Physics, CUSAT , Kalamassery	M.Sc , Ph.D
15	Dr. Issac Paul	Associate Professor, Department of Physics , S.B. College Changanassery	M.Sc , Ph.D
16	Mr G. Sivaramakrishnan	Consultant, Konark Systems Pvt Ltd, Kaloor, Ernakulam, Kerala	

17	Rev.Dr.George Peter Pittappillil	Director, Mithradham	
18	Dr. P R Sasikumar	Principal (retired), Govt.College Thalasseri	M.Sc , Ph.D
19	Dr. Joe Jacob	Associate Professor and HoD Department of Physics, SB College Changanaserry	M.Sc , Ph.D
20	Dr. L. Godfrey	Emeritus professor, Dept. of Physics, CUSAT	M.Sc , Ph.D
21	Dr. Paxy George	Assistant Professor, Department of Physics	M.Sc. Ph.D
22	Dr. Anu Varghese	Assistant Professor, Department of Physics	M.Sc. Ph.D
23	Dr. Jerin Mohan N D	Assistant Professor Department of Renewable Energy	M.Sc, Ph.D
24	Ms. Vijayalakshmi C. G	Assistant Professor Department of Renewable Energy	M.Sc
25	Mr. Abinash John Peter	Assistant Professor Department of Space Science	M.Sc
26	Ms. Subitha Sudheer M	Assistant Professor Department of Space Science	M.Sc

Acknowledgement

There are many profound personalities whose relentless support and guidance made this syllabus restructuring 2023 a success. We take this opportunity to express our sincere appreciation to all those who were part of this endeavor for restructuring of the syllabus of Under Graduate Programme in B. Voc Renewable Energy under St. Albert's College(Autonomous) Ernakulam.

We express profound gratitude to the Chairman&Manager, Principal, Members of the Governing Council and Academic Council for their sincere co-operation and guidance for completion of this work.

We thank all the BOS members for extending their service for the smooth completion of the syllabus restructuring.

We place on record our whole hearted gratitude to all the faculty members of Department of Renewable Energy for their untiring efforts.

We also place on record our gratitude to all professionals, academicians and other stakeholders who gave valuable suggestions in this regard.

Prepared by BoS

Ernakulam

07/03/2022

Table of Contents

Board of Studies	3
Acknowledgement	6
Preface	10
Graduate Attributes	11
Programme Specific Outcomes	12
Regulations	
Programme Design	36
Detailed Syllabus: Semester I	42
General Component: Basic English Skills (ENG1CCT0323)	. 43
General Component: Mathematics-I (RMA1CMT0123)	. 45
General Component: Fundamentals of Computers (REG1CMP0123)	47
Skill Component: PHYSICS-I: Units and Measurements, Circuit Theory and ElectricalFundamentals (RPH1CRT0123)	. 49
Skill Component: Renewable Energy -I : Fundamentals of Sustainable Energon Development (REG1CRT0123)	
Skill Component:Practical: General Physics Lab (REG1CRP0123)	53
Skill Component: Practical: Computer App <mark>lications Lab - MATLAB (REG1CRP0223)</mark>	. 54
Detailed Syllabus: Semester II	56
General Component: Advanced English Skills (ENG2CCT0323)	57
General Component: Mathematics-II (RMA2CMT0123)	59
General Component: Physics-II: Basic Electronics (RPH2CMT0123)	61
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-II: Physico-Chemical Processes For Wa	ter
and Wastewater Treatment (REG2CRT0123)	63
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-III: Photovoltaic Module Installation (REG2CRT0223)	65
Skill Component: Practical Electronics and Photovoltaic Module Installation (REG2CRP0123)	67

Skill Component: Internship - I (REG2CPR0123)6	38
Detailed Syllabus: Semester III	39
General Component: Environmental Education (REG3CMT0223)	70
General Component: Physics-III: Thermodynamics and Fluid mechanics (RPH3CMT0123)	73
General Component: Renewable Energy-IV: Novel Renewable Energy Sources (REG3CMT0123)	
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-V: Solar Thermal Technology-I (REG3CRT0123)	77
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-VI: Wind energy (REG3CRT0223)	79
Skill Component: Practical-Thermodynamics and Solar Thermal Lab (REG3CRP0123)	81
Skill Component: On the Job Training (OJ <mark>T) (REG3OJT0123)</mark>	32
Detailed Syllabus: Semester IV	33
General Component: Chemistry-II: Physical Chemistry (RCH4CMT0123)8	34
General Component: Renewable Energy-VII: Solar Thermal Technology-II (REG4CMT0123)	37
General Component: Material Science (REG4CMT0223)	39
General Component: Renewable Energy-V <mark>III: Solar Pho</mark> tovoltaic Energy Conversion-I(REG4CRT0123)	92
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-IX: Energy Storage Systems (REG4CRT0223)9	9 4
Skill Component: Practical- Solar Photovoltaic & Energy Storage Systems (REG4CRP0123)	96
Skill Component: Practical: Fluid Dynamics and Wind Energy (REG4CRP0223))97
Detailed Syllabus: Semester V	98
General Component: Physics-IV: Lasers and Optical Instrumentation (RPH5CMT0123)9	99
General Component: Renewable Energy-X: Environment, Health and Safety in Industries (REG5CMT0123)10	

General Component: Renewable Energy-XI: Project Management (REG5CMT0223)	104
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-XII: Energy Conservation Techniques (REG5CRT0123)	
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-XIII : Solar Photovoltaic Energy Convo II(REG5CRT0223)	
Skill Component: Practical - Advanced Solar Photovoltaic Lab (REG5CRPC)123)110
Skill Component: Practical-Advanced Solar Thermal Lab-I (REG5CRP0223))111
Detailed Syllabus: Semester VI	113
General Component: Physics-V: Spectroscopy and Experimental Techniqu (RPH6CMT0123)	
General Component: Physics-VI: Power Electronics (RPH6CMT0223)	116
General Component: Renewable Energy-X <mark>IV: Fuel Cell Systems and Hydro (REG6CMT0123)</mark>	
Skill Component: Renewable Energy-XV: Energy Management and Auditin (REG6CRT0123)	
Skill Component: Practical-Advanced Sola <mark>r Thermal Lab-II (R</mark> EG6CRP0123)).122
Skill Component:Practical - Experimental Techniques and Power Electronic (REG6CRP0223)	
Skill Component: Internship with Project (REG6CPR0123)	125
Gist of Changes	126

Preface

As envisaged in the recent regulations of Autonomous colleges in India by University Grants Commission, autonomous colleges enjoy the academic freedom to enrich the curriculum by in corporating recent trends and needs. Curriculum and syllabus of each academic program has to be revised periodically to impart major objectives like global competency, skill component, values and regional relevance. Academicians and scholars in the respective area of knowledge have to express a missionary zeal for this great purpose. In 2016, when St. Albert's College was granted autonomy, we adopted the curriculum and syllabus followed by the Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam for the year 2016. In 2017, when the Mahatma Gandhi University made a comprehensive revision of their curriculum and syllabus, it was adopted by the college as it was a better curriculum that met the needs and current demands of the culture, the society, and the expectations of the population being served. However, the Syllabus revision committee of the department studied the present curriculum in detail and proposed some reasonable changes for further enrichment which may be implemented from 2023 admission onwards. The present B.Voc. Degree Renewable Energy programme is a credit based semester system with 6 semesters. The certification levels will lead to Diploma/Advanced Diploma/B. Voc. Degree and will be offered under the aegis of the University. The B.Voc. Programme shall include (a)General Courses (General Components) and(b) Core Courses (Skill Components). Credit Transfer and Accumulation system can be adopted in the programme. All students are to complete One Internship with Project, One On the Job training (OJT) and One Internship with Major Project. The major project can be done individually or as a group of 5 students. The Internship has to be done after the fourth and sixth semesters of the programme. The OJT has to be done during the third semester. The reports of Internship and OJT(in duplicate) are to be submitted to the department in the respective semesters and the report of the Internship with major project (in duplicate) is to be submitted to the department in the sixth semester. Attempts were also made to integrate the essential components to generate interest for self-employment or start-ups among the pupils. All possible attempts have been made to update the syllabus by in corporating current and most recent developments in various branches of Renewable Energy.

Graduate Attributes

On completion of an Undergraduate Programme from St. Albert's College (Autonomous), students should be able to demonstrate the graduate attributes listed below:

GA 1: Discipline knowledge

Demonstrate comprehensive knowledge and understanding of one or more disciplines that form a part of an undergraduate programme of study.

GA 2: Critical Thinking

Apply analytic thought to a body of knowledge; analyse and evaluate evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs on the basis of empirical evidence; identify relevant assumptions or implications; formulate coherent arguments; critically evaluate practices, policies and theories by following scientific approach to knowledge development.

GA 3: Effective Communication

Capacity to connect with people, ideas, books, media, and technology to make sense of the world. This includes the ability to communicate, read, write, and listen clearly in person and through electronic media in English and in one Indian language.

GA 4: Social Responsibility

Exhibit qualities of an ideal citizen through civic and social responsibilities along with the knowledge of one's environment and the issues faced, and strive towards sustainable development.

GA 5: Digital Competency

Analyze and choose from available data and information sources to communicate, collaborate and network through a range of digital media.

Programme Specific Outcomes

Upon completion of B.Voc Renewable Energy programme, students would be able to demonstrate the programme outcomes listed below:

- PO 1: Understand and apply the principles of solid state physics, thermodynamics, electronics, optics and nano-science in the field of renewable energy technology with the aid of mathematical and computational skills to working in interdisciplinary groups.
- PO 2: Demonstrate competence in analysis, design, development and operation of energy systems: bioenergy, heat energy, geothermal energy, wind power ocean energy, chemical energy and photovoltaic systems.
- PO 3: Attain individual and technical skills including leadership, project management, and communication to work as a professional.
- PO 4: Inculcate among the students systematic knowledge and skill about assessing the current energy scenarios and policies ,energy efficiency, energy auditing, energy management and conservation techniques.
- PO 5: Perform an initial design of a renewable energy system to address the social needs for the academic and ethical development in the renewable energy field
- PO 6: Conduct an independent, limited research or development project under supervision and in accordance with current research ethical standards in renewable energy systems.

Regulations

1. TITLE

These regulations shall be called "ST. ALBERT'SCOLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), ERNAKULAM-REGULATIONS FOR B.Voc PROGRAMMES UNDER CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM 2023".(SACA B. Voc.CSS 2023)

2. SCOPE

This applies to all regular B. Voc. Programme conducted by the College with effect from 2023 admissions. The medium of instruction is English except in the case of language courses other than English unless otherwise stated therein.

3. DEFINITIONS

'Academic Week 'is a unit of five working days in which the distribution of work is organized from day one to day five, with five contact hours of one-hour duration on each day / is a unit of six working days in which the distribution of work is organized from day one to day five with 4hours and day six with 5 contact hours of one-hour duration on each day as decided by the Governing body of the College.

- 3.1 NSQF means National Skills Qualifications Framework'.
- 3.2 'General components' means a cou<mark>rse that provid</mark>es a general awareness about the discipline.
- 3.3 Skill components' means a course in the subject of specialization within a vocational degree programme.
- 3.4 'Course 'means a portion of a subject to be taught and evaluated in a semester (similar to a paper under the annual scheme).
- 3.5 'OJT' means On-the-job training for a period of 2 weeks.
- 3.6 'Internship' means a professional learning experience of 2-4 weeks that offers meaningful practical work related to student's field of study.
- 3.7 'Credit' is the numerical value assigned to a paper according to the relative importance of the syllabus of the programme.
- 3.8 'Department' means any teaching department in a college.

- 3.9 'Examination Coordinator'is teacher nominated by a Department Council to coordinate the continuous evaluation undertaken in that department.
- 3.10 'Department Council 'means the body of all teachers of a department in a college.
- 3.11 'Class Tutor' means a teacher from the department nominated by the Department Council, who will advise the student on academic matters.
- 3.12 Grace Marks shall be awarded to candidates as per the Orders issued from the college from time to time at par with the affiliating University.
- 3.13 'Grade' means a letter symbol (A, B C, etc.), which indicates the broad level of performance of a student in a Paper/Course/ Semester/Programme.
- 3.14 'Credit Point' (CP) is the numerical indicator of the percentage of marks awarded to a student in a course.
- 3.15 'Institutional Average (IA)' means average mark secured (Internal + external) for a course at the college level.
- 3.16 'Parent Department' means the department which offers the skill course/courses within an undergraduate Programme.
- 3.17 'Programme' means a three-year programme of study and examinations spread over six semesters, the successful completion of which would lead to the award of a degree.
- 3.18 'Semester' means at consisting of 90 working days, inclusive of tutorials, examination days, and other academic activities within a period of five months.
- 3.19 'Vocational Course' (Skill Enhancement Course) means a course that enables the students to enhance their practical skills and ability to pursue a vocation in their subject of specialization.
- 3.20 Words and expressions used and not defined in this regulation shall have the same meaning assigned to them in the Acts and Regulations of UGC, Department of Higher Education, the affiliating University and regulations of the College.

4 FLIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION AND RESERVATION OF SEATS

- 4.1 Candidates should have passed the plus two / equivalent examination with physics as one of the optional subjects at plus two level.
- 4.2 Eligibility for admissions and reservation of seats for various Undergraduate Programmes shall be according to the rules framed by the Governing Body of the College in this regard, from time to time at par with the UGC norms and regulations of the Government of Kerala and will be published in the prospectus.

5 FACULTY UNDER WHICH DEGREE IS AWARDED

Faculty of science.

6 CURRICULUM

The curriculum in each of the years of the programme would be a suitable mix of general education and skill development components.

7 DURATION

- 7.1 The duration of the U.G. programme shall be 6 semesters.
- 7.2 There shall be two semesters in an academic year, the "ODD" semester commences in June, and on completion, the "EVEN" Semester commences.
- 7.3 There shall be a two month vacation during April/May and Internships may be conducted during this months as decided by the departments.
- 7.4 The certification levels will lead to Diploma/ Advanced Diploma/B.Voc Degree and will be offered under the aegis of the College in association with the respective sector skill council of the programme in accordance with the NSQF as outlined in the Table given below.

Award	Duration
Diploma	2 Semesters
Advanced Diploma	4 Semesters
B.Voc. Degree	6 Semesters

8 ELIGIBILITY FOR HIGHER STUDIES

Those who pass B.Voc. Degree programmes are eligible for admission to higher studies.

9 CREDIT CALCULATION

The following method is used for the conversion of time in to credit hours.

One Credit would mean the equivalent of 15 periods of 60 minutes each, for theory, workshops/labs, and tutorials;

For internship/fieldwork/OJT/Internship with project/Industrial visit, the credit weight age for equivalent hours shall be 50% of that for lectures/workshops.

10 REGISTRATION

The strength of students for each programme shall be as per the existing orders issued by the College following the UGC guidelines.

11 SCHEME AND SYLLABUS

- 11.1 The U.G. programmes shall include (a) General components, (b) Skill components.
- 11.2 Credit Transfer and Accumulation system can be adopted in the programme with the concurrence of the Governing Body of the College. Transfer of Credit consists of acknowledging, recognizing and accepting credits by an institution for programmes or courses completed at an other institution. The Credit Transfer Scheme shall allow students pursuing a programme in one College/University to continue their education in another College/University without break.
- 11.3 The B. Voc programme should follow credit semester system of St. Albert's College(Autonomous).
- 11.4 A separate minimum of 30% marks each for internal and external (for both theory and practical) and an aggregate minimum of 40% are required for a pass for a course. For the programmes with practical examinations, the practical examinations will be conducted every semester or at the end of even semesters as applicable.
- 11.5 For a pass in a programme, a separate minimum of Grade P is required for all the individual courses. If a candidate secures an F Grade for any one of the courses offered in a Semester/ Programme only F Grade will be

- awarded for that Semester/Programme, until he/she improves this to P Grade or above within the permitted period.
- 11.6 The candidate who secures P Grade and above will be eligible for higher studies.

12 PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

The B.Voc. programme shall include the following elements:

- General Education Components
- Skill Components
- Project
- Internships
- OJT
- Soft skills and Personality Development Programmes
- Field Visit/Industrial Visits/Study Tour

	PARTICULARS	B.VocProgrammes
А	Programme Duration	6Semesters
	Total Credits required for successful completion	
В	of the Programme	180
С	Credits required from Skill Component	108
D	Credits required from General Component	72
G	Minimum attendance required	75%

13 COURSE STRUCTURE

	Credits		Normal	
NSQF	Skill	General	Duration	Exit Points/
Level	Component	Component		Awards
Level5/Year1	36	24	Two Semesters	Diploma
Level6/Year2	72	48	Four Semesters	Advanced Diploma
Level7/Year3	108	72	Six Semesters	B.Voc. Degree

As per the UGC guidelines, there are multiple exit points for a candidate admitted to this course. If he/she is completing all six semester successfully, he/she will get a B. Voc. Degree. If he/she is completing the first four semesters successfully, he/she will get an Advanced Diploma. If he/she is completing the first two semesters successfully, he/she will get a Diploma. A B. Voc. Degree holder is expected to acquire the skills needed for a Manager/Entrepreneur/skilled employee.

14 ATTENDANCE

The minimum number of hours of lectures, tutorials, seminars or practicals which a student shall be required to attend for eligibility to appear at the end semester examination shall not be less than 75% of the total number of lectures, tutorials, seminars, or practical sessions and shall have 75% separate attendance during their internship and OJT period also. Internships, OJT and soft skill and personality development programmes are part of the course and students must meet the attendance requirements for these activities to complete a semester.

15 ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATION BY SECTOR SKILL COUNCIL (SSC)

The department should make necessary arrangements for the simultaneous assessment and certification of Skill Development Component by aligned SSC having the approval of National Skill Development Corporation of India(NSDC).

16 EXAMINATION

The evaluation of each paper shall contain two parts:

Internal or In-Semester Assessment (ISA) External or End-Semester Assessment (ESA) The internal to external assessment ratio shall be 1:4. Both internal and external marks are to be rounded to the next integer.

All papers (theory &practical), grades are given on a 7- Point scale based on the total percentage of marks, (ISA+ESA) as given below:-

Percentage of Marks	Grade	Grade Point
95 and above	O-Outstanding	10
90 to below 95	A+-Excellent	9
80 to below 90	A -Very Good	8
70 to below 80	B+ - Good	7
60 to below 70	B-Above Ave <mark>rage</mark>	6
50 to below 60	C-Average	5
40 to below 50	P-Pass	4
Below 40	F-Fail	0
	Ab-Absent	0

17 CREDIT POINT AND CREDIT POINT AVERAGE

The Credit Point (CP) of a paper is calculated using the formula:

CP=C×GP, where C is the Credit and GP is the Grade point.

Semester Credit Point Average (SCPA) of a Semester is calculated using the formula:

SCPA / CPA= TCP/TC, where TCP is the Total Credit Point of that semester. Cumulative Credit Point Average (CCPA) is calculated using the formula: CCPA = TCP/TC, where TCP is the Total Credit Point of that programme.

Credit Point Average (CPA) of different categories, of course, is calculated using the formula:

CPA=TCP/TC, where TCP is the Total Credit Point of a category of course.

TC is the total credit of that category of course.

Grades for the different courses, semesters and overall programme are given based on the corresponding CPA as shown below:

CPA	Grade	
9.5 and above	0	Outstanding
9 to below 9.5	A+	Excellent
8 to below 9	A	Very Good
7 to below 8	B+	Good
6 to below 7	B	Above Average
5 to below 6	С	Average
4 to below 5	Р	Pass
Below 4	F	Failure

18 MARK DISTRIBUTION FOR EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL EVALUATIONS

The external theory examination of all semesters shall be conducted by the college at the end of each semester. Internal evaluation is to be done by continuous assessment. For all courses, the total marks for external examination is 80 and the total marks for internal evaluation is 20. For the courses having both theory and practical components, the external examination marks would include 60 for theory and 20 for practical. The internal evaluation would remain the same as above.

Mark distribution for external and internal assessments and the components for internal evaluation with their marks are shown below:

18.1 For all theory courses

Marks of external Examination: 80

Marks of internal evaluation : 20

Components of Internal Evaluation of theory	Marks
Attendance	5
Assignment/Seminar/Viva	5
Test Paper 1	5
Test paper 2	5
Total	20

18.2 For practical examinations,

The total marks for external evaluation : 80

The total mark for internal evaluation: 20

Components for Internal Evaluation of Practical	Marks
Attendance	5
Record	5
Skill Test	5
Lab Performance/Punctuality	5
Total	20

Marks awarded for Record should be related to the number of experiments recorded and duly signed by the teacher concerned in charge. All four components of internal assessments are mandatory unless for the courses otherwise mentioned in the BoS.

- 18.3 For courses having both theory and practical components:
- a) Marks of theory- external examination: 20
- b) Marks of practical- external examination: 60
- c) Marks of internal evaluation: 20
- 18.4 For Internship with Project

Marks of external evaluation: 80

Marks of internal evaluation: 20

Components of External Evaluation of Project	Internship with	Marks
Dissertation (External)		50
Viva-Voce (External)		30
Total	76	80

^{*}Marks for dissertation may include industrial visit report if proposed in the syllabus.

Components of Internal Evaluation of Internship with Project	Marks
Punctuality	5
Experimentation/Data Collection	5
Skill Acquired	5
Report	5
Total	20

*All four components of internal assessments are mandatory unless for the courses otherwise mentioned in the BoS

18.5 For Internships

There will be only External Evaluation for Internships.

Components of Extern	Marks			
Dissertation(External)	50			
Viva-Voce(External)	30			
Marks away organization/company,	arded /institution/agend	by cy(External)	the	20
Total				100

^{*}Marks for dissertation may include there part of field visit done as part of internship if proposed in the syllabus.

18.6 OJT

There will be only internal evaluation for OJT. Components of Internal Evaluation-OJT

Components c	Marks			
Punctuality		7		10
SubjectKnowle	dge/Viva			20
Report		Jh. "J	Y	50
Marks organization/co	awarded ompany/institutic	by on/agency(Exter	the nal)	20
Total	FO_{R}		pVIC	100

19 ATTENDANCE EVALUATION FOR ALL PAPERS

%of attendance	Marks
90andabove	5
85-89	4
80-84	3
76-79	2

75

1

(Decimals are to be rounded to the next higher whole number)

20 ASSIGNMENTS

Assignments are to be done from Ist to VIth Semesters. At least two assignments should be done in each semester for all courses.

21 SEMINAR

A student shall present a seminar every semester for each course.

22 INTERNAL ASSESSMENT / TEST PAPERS

22.1 At least two internal test papers are to be attended in each semester for each course. The evaluations of all components are to be published and are to be acknowledged by the candidates. All documents of internal assessments are to be kept in the department for five years and shall be made available forever verification by the College. The responsibility of evaluating the internal assessment is vested on the teacher(s), who teaches the course.

22.2 In case of any grievances regarding internal assessment, students can follow the procedures mentioned below under Grievance Red resale Mechanism - clause number 23 in regulation.

22.3 The CoE shall make arrangements for giving awareness of the internal evaluation components to students immediately after the commencement of the semester.

22.4 The internal evaluation marks/grades in the prescribed format should reach the office of the Controller of Examinations, St. Albert's College before the commencement of study leave in each semester.

23 GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM WITH RESPECT TO INTERNAL EVALUATION

The internal assessment shall not be used as a tool for personal or other types of vengeance. A student has all rights to know how the teacher arrived at the marks. There is a provision for grievance redressal regarding internal evaluation which operates at four levels. Complaints regarding the internal evaluation shall be brought to the notice of the teacher concerned in the first instance. If the student is not satisfied with the decision of the teacher concerned, he/she may

appeal to the Departmental Grievance Redressal Committee which shall have the Head of the department, the class Tutor, and the teacher against whom the complaint is made, as members. The student will also have the freedom to make further appeals to the College Level Grievance Redressal Committee which shall have the Principal, the COE, and the concerned Head of the department, as members. If the student is not satisfied, he may appeal to the Governing Body.

Level 1: Class level: The cell is chaired by the class tutor and the course teacher or a teacher nominated by the Head of the Department.

Level 2: Department level: The department cell chaired by the Head of the Department, Examination Coordinator and teacher-in-charge as members.

Level 3: College level: A committee with the Principal as Chairman, Examination Coordinator, HOD of concerned Department and a senior teacher nominated by the college council as members.

24.EXTERNAL EXAMINATION (END SEMESTER EXAMINATION

- (a) The external examination of all semesters shall be conducted by the College at the end of each semester.
- (b) Students having a minimum of 75% average attendance for all the courses only can register for the examination. Condonation of shortage of attendance to a maximum of 10 days in a semester subject to a maximum of 2 times during the whole period of the programme may be granted by the college on valid grounds. This condonation shall not be counted for internal assessment. The benefit of attendance may be granted to students. attending University/College union/Co-curricular activities by treating them as present for the days of absence, upon producing participation/attendance certificates, within one week, from competent authorities through the class tutor, HoD and Dean of Student Affairs and endorsed by the Principal. This is limited to a maximum of 10 days per semester and this benefit shall be considered for internal assessment also. Those students who are not eligible even with the condonation of shortage of attendance will not be readmitted.
- (c) The Women students can avail maternity leave as per the M.G.U order No. 490/AC A1/2023/MGU dated 16/01/2023.

- (d) There shall be special supplementary exams only for the fifth semester. For reappearance/ improvement for other semesters, the students can appear along with the next batch.
- (e) There shall be no provision for supplementary examination for the internal assessment.
- (f) A pass in the internal assessment is mandatory for registering for the End semester examination.
- (g) A student who registers his/her name for the external exam for a semester will be eligible for promotion to the next semester provided he/she meet the academic requirements.
- (h) All courses shall have a unique alpha numeric code.
- (i) There is no provision for betterment of internal evaluation marks as well as marks for Practical/OJT/Internship/Project/Viva.

25.PATTERN OF EVALUATION FOR EXTERNAL EXAMINATION - PRACTICAL / INTERNSHIP WITH PROJECT

The components of End Semester Examination of Practical/Internship with Project have to be set by the Chairman of the Boards of Studies concerned.

All students are required to complete Internships / On-job training (OJT), and project, as directed in the respective syllabus. The project can be done individually or as a group, as decided by the Department. The internship and OJT has to be done during the period as prescribed in the particular semester of the programme. The project, if it is a requisite of the syllabi, has to be done in the final year of the programme. The reports of internship and OJT (in duplicate) have to be submitted to the department during the particular semester prescribed in the programme and the report of the project (in duplicate) is to be submitted to the department in the sixth semester. The project report should be produced before the examiners appointed by the College.

For reappearance/ improvement, the students can appear along with the next batch. A student who registers his/her name for the external exam for a semester will be eligible for promotion to the next semester.

26. PATTERN OF QUESTIONS

Questions shall be set to assess knowledge acquired, standard and application of knowledge, application of knowledge in new situations, critical evaluation of knowledge, and the ability to synthesize knowledge. The question setter shall ensure that questions covering all skills are set. She/he shall also upload a detailed scheme of answer type, short essay type/problem-solving type, and long essay type questions to be generated from the question bank. A question paper shall be a judicious mix of short answer type, short essay type /problem-solving type, and long essay type questions and to be generated from the question bank.

a. Pattern of questions for external examination for theory paper without practical.

Pattern	Total no. of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Marks of each question	Total marks
Very Short Answer type	12	10	2	20
Short Answer (Not to exceed 60words)	9	6	5	30
Long essay	4	2	15	30
TOTAL	25	18		80

b. Pattern of questions for external examination for courses having both theory and practical components.

Theory assessm	nent -Short Answer	Type		
	Total no. of	Number of questions	Marks of	Total
Pattern	questions	to	each	Marks
		Be answered	question	

Short essay/problem	8	5	4	2	20
Skill Assessme	ent -Practical				
	Theory/Procedure	Activity/			
Record	/Design	Design/Performance	Result	Viva	Total
10	10	20	10	10	60
		Total		80	

c. Mark division for LAB examination

Record	Theory/ Procedure / Design	Activity/ Design/ Performance	Result	Viva	Total
10	20	25	15	10	80

27. MARK CUM GRADE CARD

The College under its seal shall issue to the students a MARK CUM GRADE CARD on completion of each programme, which shall contain the following information:

- (a) Name of the College
- (b) Title & Model of the B.VocProgramme
- (c) Name of the Semester
- (d) Name and Register Number of the student
- (e) Date of publication of result
- (f) Code, Title, Credits, and Maximum Marks (Internal, External & Total) of each course opted in the semester.
- (g) Internal, External and Total Marks awarded, Grade, Grade point, and Credit point in each course opted in the semester.
- (h) The total credits and total credit points in the semester.
- (i) Semester Credit Point Average (SCPA) and corresponding Grade.

- (j) Cumulative Credit Point Average (CCPA), CPA corresponding to General and skill Courses.
- (k) The final Mark cum Grade Card issued at the end of the final semester shall contain the details of all courses taken during the final semester examination and shall include the final Grade (SCPA) scored by the candidate from 1st to 5th semesters, and the overall Grade for the total programme.

28. RANK/POSITION CERTIFICATE

The college publishes a position list of the top 5 candidates for each programme after the publication of 6th-semester results. Position certificate shall be issued to candidates who secure positions from 1st to 3rd in the rank list. Candidates shall be ranked in the order of merit based on the CCPA scored by them. Grace marks awarded to the students should not be counted in fixing the rank/position. Rank certificate and position certificate shall be signed by the Controller of Examinations.

There shall be 3 level monitoring committees for the successful conduct of the programme. They are -

Department Level Monitoring Committee (DLMC), comprising the HOD and two senior-most teachers as members.

College Level Monitoring Committee (CLMC), comprising the Principal, Controller of Examinations, and A.O/Superintendent as members.

Governing body.

TRANSITORY PROVISION

Not with standing anything contained in these regulations, the Governing body shall, for one year from the date of coming into force of these regulations, have the power to provide by an order that these regulations shall be applied to any programme with such modifications as may be necessary.

The Governing body is authorized to make necessary criteria for eligibility for higher education in the grading scheme, if necessary. The Governing body is also authorized to issue orders for the perfect realization of the Regulations.

Annexure I: Model Mark Cum Grade Card

St. Albert's College (Autonomous)

Ernakulam-682 018, Kerala, India.

Accredited by National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC)at A Grade ISO 9001: 2015 Certified

Affiliated to Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam, Kerala

GRADE CARD

NAME OF	THE CANDID	ATE										
PERMANE (PRN):	NT REGISTER	NUN	MBER									
DEGREE										Student	Photo)
PROGRAM	ME											
STREAM					//		July 1	50				
NAME OF	THE EXAMINA	OITA	N									
DATE OF I	SSUE	Λ			7							
COURSE	COURSE		MAR	KS					GP	GRADE	CGP	RESUL T
CODE	TITLE		INTERNA		NAL EXTERNAL		TOTA	TOTAL				I
		CREDITS	AWARDED	MAXIMUM	AWARDED	MAXIMUM	AWARDED	MAXIMUM				
General Co	mponent		VR :	T_{R}	D'arre		CEI			2		
Skill Comp	onent											
	TOTAL											
	SEMESTER RESULT	SCI	PA:						SG:			

Controller of Examinations Principal

Annexure II: Consolidated Model Mark cum Grade Card

St. Albert's College(Autonomous)

Ernakulam-682 018, Kerala, India.

Accredited by National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) at A Grade ISO 9001: 2015 Certified

Affiliated to Mahatma Gandhi University, Kottayam, Kerala

CONSOLIDATED MARK CUM GRADE CARD

NAME OF TH	IE CANDIDA	TE					
PERMANENT	REGISTER N	IUMBER (PRN)					
DEGREE						Chudont	Dhata
PROGRAMME						Student	Photo
STREAM							
DATE OF BIR	TH.			_			
DATE OF ELI	GIBILITY						
		SEMESTER RE	ESULTS				
SEMESTER	MARKS AWARDE D	MAXIMUM MARKS	CREDITS	SCPA	GRADE	MONTH AND YEAR OF PASSING	RESULT
SEMESTER 1							
SEMESTER 2		TRU	THAN	n St			
SEMESTER 3							
SEMESTER 4							
SEMESTER 5							
SEMESTER 6							
TOTAL							

	PROGRAMME PART RESULTS														
PROGRAMME PART		MARKS AWARDED			MAXIMUM		CREDIT		CREDITS		ССРА	(RADE		
				MARKS		POINTS									
GENERAL COMPONENTS															
SKILL COMPONENTS															
TOTAL															
FINAL RESULT															
CREDITS			ССРА			()	GRA	DE			RESI	JLT			
	URSE	MAR	KS	4									RESU	JLT	
CODE	ITLE														
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\mathbf{M}														
		TS	DED	J Z Z	Σ	DED	NA D	DED		Σ					
4	≤ 1	CREDITS	AWARDED	NTERNAL	MAXIMUM	WAR	EXTERNAL	AWARDED	TOTAL	MAXIMUM					
SEMESTER 1		Ū	∢	∠	Σ	4	ĺωΣ	_	ĬĚ	Σ					
General Compone	ents						1								
									<u></u>						
Skill Components				Ą		*									
SEMESTER RESU	LT	P	SCPA	۷:		4				. T () E	SG:			
SEMESTER 2									.10	V >					
General Components															
Skill Components															
SEMESTER RESULT SCPA:						SG:									
SEMESTER 3															
General Components															

Skill Components								
SEMESTER RESULT	SCPA:					SG:		
	3CI A.					50.		
SEMESTER 4								
General Components								
Skill Components								
Skill Components		160						
SEMESTER RESULT S	CDV.				SG:			
	CFA.				30.			
SEMESTER 5								
General Components						\ /		
Skill Components								
Skill Components			7.4					
SEMESTER RESULT	SCPA:				7 1		SG:	
SEMESTER 6								
General Components								
Skill Components								
SEMESTER RESULT	SCPA:					SG:		

Controller of Examinations

Principal

Annexure III: Reverse side of the mark cum Grade Card (Common to all Semesters)

DESCRIPTION OF EVALUATION PROCESS

Grade and Grade Point

The evaluation of each course comprises Internal and External components with the ratio 1:4 for all courses. Grade and grade points are given on a 7-point scale based on the percentage of marks (internal + external) as given in table I. Decimals are corrected to next higher whole number.

Table I

% of Marks	Grade	GradePoint
95 and above	O-Outsta <mark>nding</mark>	10
90 to below 95	A+-Excellent	9
80 to below 90	A -Very Good	8
70 to below 80	B+ - Good	7
60 to below70	B-Above Average	6
50 to below 60	C -Average	5
40 to below 50	P -Pass	4
Below 40	F- Fail	0
R_{ORT}	(Absent)	0

Credit Point and Credit Point Average

Credit point (CP) of a course is calculated using the formula $CP = C \times GP$ Where C = Credit, GP = Grade Point

Credit Point average of a semester (SCPA) or Cumulative Credit Point Average (CCPA) for a programme is calculated using Total Credit point, TC = Total Credit

ССРА	Grade				
9.5 and above	O-Outstanding				
9 to below 9.5	A+-Excellent				
8 to below 9	A -Very Good				
7 to below 8	B+ - Good				
6 to below 7	B-Above Average				
5 to below 6	C -Average				
4 to below 5	P -Pass				
Below4	F-Failure				

Note: A separate minimum of 30 % marks each for internal and external (for both Theory and practical) and an aggregate minimum of 40 % is required for a pass in a course. To pass in a programme, a separate minimum of Grade E for all the individual courses and an overall grade E or above is mandatory. If a candidate secures Grade F for any of the courses offered in a semester or a programme only grade F will be awarded to that semester/Programme until the candidate improves this to Grade E or above within the permitted period.

Read By		4			
Verified By					QR Code
	$e^{F_{OR}}$	2TRDm	SER	VICE	

Programme Design

SEMESTER I

No	Course Code	Course Title	Course	Hours	Credits
			Category	per	
				week	
1	ENG1CCT0323	Basic English Skills	General	4	4
			Component		
2	RMA1CMT0123	Mathematics - I	General	3	4
			Component		
3	REG1CMP0123	Fundamentals of	General	4	4
		Computers	Component		
4	RPH1CRT0123	Physics-I : Units and	Skill	3	5
	\	Measure <mark>me</mark> nts, Circu <mark>it</mark>	Component		
		theory and Electrical			
		Fundamentals			
5	REG1CRT0123	Renewable Energy I :	Skill	3	5
		Fundamentals Of	Component		
		Sustainable Energy &			
		Development			
6	REG1CRP0123	General Physics Lab	Skill	4	4
		, Ma 4/	Component		
7	REG1CRP0223	Computer Applications	Skill	4	4
		Lab : Matlab	Component		

SEMESTER II

О.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Category	Hours per week	Credits
1	ENG2CCT0323	Advanced English Skills	General Component	5	4
2	RMA2CMT0123	Mathematics - II	General Component	4	4
3	RPH2CMT0123	Physics - II : Basic Electronics	General Component	4	4
4	REG2CRT0123	Renewable Energy-II: Physico Chemical Processes For Water & Waste Water Treatment	Skill Component	4	5
5	REG2CRT0223	Renewable Energy-III : Photovoltaic Module Installation	Skill Component	4	5
6	REG2CRP0123	Practical - Electronics & Photovoltaic Module Installation	Skill Component	4	4
7	REG2CPR0123	Internship(Includes field visit)	Skill Component	-	4

SEMESTER III

No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Category	Hours per week	Credits
1	REG3CMT0223	Environmental Education	General Component	4	4
2	RPH3CMT0123	Physics -III : Thermodynamics & Fluid Mechanics	General Component	3	4
3	REG3CMT0123	Renewable Energy - IV : Novel Renewable Energy Sources	General Component	4	4
4	REG3CRT0123	Renewable Energy-V : Solar Thermal Technology - I	Skill Component	4	5
5	REG3CRT0223	Renewable Energy-VI : Wind Energy	Skill Component	5	5
6	REG3CRP0123	Practical – Thermodynamics& Solar Thermal Lab	Skill Component	5	4
7	REG3OJT0123	OJT	Skill Component	-	4

SEMESTER IV

No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Category	Hours per week	Credits
1	REG4CMT0123	Renewable Energy - VII : Solar Thermal Technology -II	General Component	3	4
2	REG4CMT0223	Material Science	General Component	3	4
3	RCH4CMT0123	Chemistry – II: Physical Chemistry	General Component	3	4
4	REG4CRT0123	Renewable Energy - VIII : Solar Photovoltaic Energy Conversion -I	Skill Component	4	5
5	REG4CRT0223	Renewable Energy - IX : Energy Storage Systems	Skill Component	3	5
6	REG4CRP0123	Practical – Solar Photovoltaics & Energy Storage Systems	Skill Component	5	4
7	REG4CRP0223	Practical - Fluid dynamics & Wind Energy	Skill Component	4	4

SEMESTER V

No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Category	Hours per week	Credits
1	RPH5CMT0123	Physics – IV: Laser and Optical Instrumentation	General Component	3	4
2	REG5CMT0123	Renewable Energy -X: Environment, Health and Safety in Industries	General Component	3	4
3	REG5CMT0223	Renewable Energy -XI: Project Management	General Component	3	4
4	REG5CRT0123	Renewable Energy -XII: Energy Conservation Techniques	Skill Component	4	5
5	REG5CRT0223	Renewable Energy -XIII: Solar Photovoltaic Energy Conversion -II	Skill Component	4	5
6	REG5CRP0123	Practical - Advanced Solar Photovoltaic Lab	Skill Component	4	4
7	REG5CRP0223	Practical - Advanced Solar Thermal Lab	Skill Component	4	4

SEMESTER VI

No.	Course Code	Course Title	Course Category	Hours per week	Credits
1	RPH6CMT0123	Physics - V: Spectroscopy & Experimental Techniques	General Component	4	4
2	RPH6CMT0223	Physics-VI: Power Electronics	General Component	4	4
3	REG6CMT0123	Renewable Energy -XIV: Fuel Cell Systems and Hydrogen	General Component	4	4
4	REG6CRT0123	Renewable Energy -XV: Energy Management and Auditing	Skill Component	5	5
5	REG6CRP0123	Practical - Advanced Solar Thermal Lab - II	Skill Component	4	5
6	REG6CRP0223	Practical - Experimental Techniques & Power Electronics	Skill Component	4	4
7	REG6CPR0123	Internship with Project(Includes Industrial Visit)	Skill Component	-	4



General Component: Basic English Skills (ENG1CCT0323)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course Outcomes

- By the end of the course, the learner will be able to
- Recognize the speech sounds and suprasegmental features.
- Familiarize yourself with different dialects and accents.
- Demonstrate the features of listening, reading, and speaking skills.
- Develop skills in face-to-face and telephonic communication as well as in group discussions.

Builds the ability to use English for performing some of the most common communicative functions in an academic, social, and professional situation.

Module I: Speech Sounds

(12Hours)

Phonemic symbols – Vowels – Consonants – Syllables – Word stress – Stress in polysyllabic words – Stress in words used as different parts of speech – Sentence stress – Weak forms and strong forms – Intonation

Module II: Accents

(12 Hours)

Awareness of different accents: American, British and Indian – Influence of the mother tongue.

Module III: Listening

(12 Hours)

Active listening – Barriers to listening – Listening and note taking – Listening to announcements – Listening to news on the radio and television.

Module IV: Speaking

(12 Hours)

Word stress and rhythm - Pauses and sense groups - Falling and rising tones - Fluency and pace of delivery - Art of small talk - Participating in conversations - Making a short formal speech - Describing people, place, events and things - Group discussion skills and telephone skills.

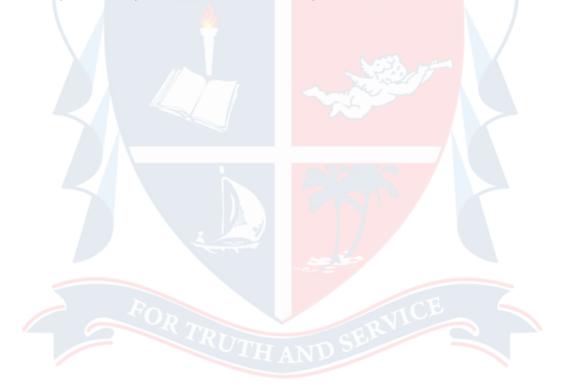
Module V: Reading

(12 Hours)

Theory and Practice - Scanning - Surveying a textbook using an index -reading with a purpose -Making predictions - Understanding text structure - Locating

main points - Making inferences - Reading graphics - Reading critically - Reading for research

- 1. V.Sasikumar, P KiranmaiDutt and GeethaRajeevan. Communication Skills in English. Cambridge University Press and Mahatma Gandhi University.
- 2. A Course in Listening and Speaking I & II, Sasikumar, V.,KiranmaiDutt and GeethaRajeevan, New Delhi: CUP, 2007
- 3. Study Listening: A Course in Listening to Lectures and Note-taking Tony Lynch New Delhi: CUP,
- 4. Study Speaking: A Course in Spoken English for Academic Purposes. Anderson, Kenneth, Joan New Delhi: OUP, 2008



General Component: Mathematics-I (RMA1CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 credits

Course Outcomes

- Review different types and properties of sets, relations and functions
- Examine complex numbers, its operations and different forms.
- Correlate limits, continuity and differentiability of functions
- Representing statistical data diagrammatically and graphically
- Analyze statistical data using measures of central tendency

Module I: Sets and Functions

(15 Hours)

Power set of a set, Product of two sets, Equivalence relations, partitions of sets, Equivalence classes Definition of a function. Domain, co-domain and the range of a function. Review of injective, surjective and bijective functions, Composition of functions. Invertible functions and the inverse of a function, Graphing of functions

Modulell: Complex Numbers

(15Hours)

Complex numbers, Addition and multiplication of complex numbers, Modulus, Real and imaginary parts, conjugate and amplitude of a complex number, Polar form of complex number, Geometric representation of the sum and difference.

Module III: Limit, Continuity and Differentiability

(10 Hours)

Limits of Functions, calculating limits using the limit laws, one sided limits and limits at infinity, Continuity, Rates of change and Differentiability, standard results, Differentiation Rules, Chain Rule.

Module IV: Statistical Methods of Analysis

(20 Hours)

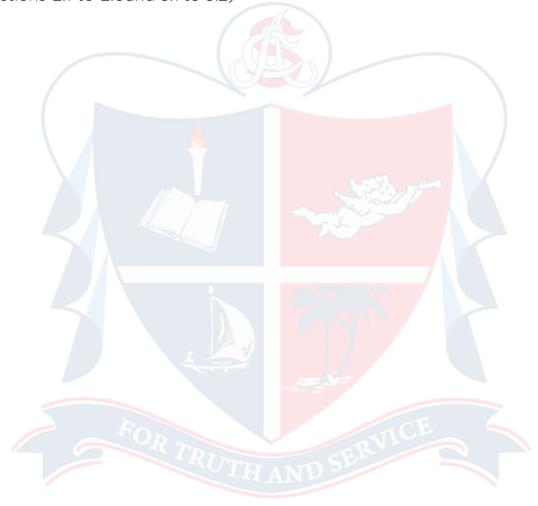
Types of data:- quantitative, qualitative. Classification and Tabulation. Diagrammatic representation:- Bar diagram, pie diagram; pictogram and cartogram. Graphical representation:- histogram; frequency polygon; frequency curve; ogives. Measures of Central Tendency:- Mean; Median; Mode; Geometric Mean; Harmonic Mean and Properties.

References

1. Set Theory and Related Topics, Lipchitz, Schaum Outline Series, 2009, 2nd

Edition, TataMcGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi

- 2. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, K. H. Rosen, 6th Edition, Tata Mc Graw HillPublishing Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Fundamentals of Complex Analysis, E. B. Staff and A. D. Snider, 2009, 3rd Edition, PearsonEducation.
- 4. Thomas' Calculus, George B. Thomas Jr., 2008, 11th Edition, Pearson. (Sections 2.1 to 2.6 and 3.1 to 3.2)



General Component: Fundamentals of Computers (REG1CMP0123)

60 Hours 4 credits

Course Outcomes

- Explain the basics of computer hardware
- Recalling the fundamental concepts of computers
- Illustrate and describe the basic tasks or operations in MS Word
- Illustrate and describe basic tasks or operations in MS Excel
- Illustrate and describe the basic tasks in MS PowerPoint

Module I: Exploring the Computer

(15 Hours)

Computer -definition - Computer users - Computer for individual users - Computer for organizations - Computer in society -Components of Computer - input unit - output unit - storage unit CPU- ALU - control unit - registers - computer hardware -System software - Application software- Computer systems - Types of Computer systems- Micro, Mini, Mainframe and Super Computers - Analog, Digital and Hybrid Computers - Business and Scientific Computer systems

Module II: Data Processing and Peripheral Devices

(15 Hours)

Computer data - Information -Data Processing - Data Storage and Data retrieval capabilities - storage devices - primary memory - RAM, ROM, PROM, EPROM, cache memory - secondary memory - magnetic tape, hard disk, Compact disks - Importance of computers in business - Computer applications in various areas of business - Computer related jobs in business. Peripheral devices Input devices - keyboard, mouse, scanner - output devices -monitor - VDU, LCD, CRT - printers - Commonly used printers, High-quality printers, Thermal-wax printers, Dye sublimation printers, Plotters.

Module III: Understanding MS Office

(15 Hours)

Word Processing Basics -Opening and closing Documents - Text Creation and manipulation - Formatting the Text - Table Manipulation- Using spread sheet - Elements of Spread Sheet - Manipulation of Cells - Formulas and Function

Module IV: Making Small Presentations

(15 Hours)

Using PowerPoint - Creation of Presentation - Preparation of Slides - Inserting Word Table or An Excel Worksheet - Adding Clip Art Pictures - Presentation of Slides - Slide Show.

- 1. Computer and Common Sense-Roger Hunt and John Shelley
- 2. Using Micro Computers- Bright man and Dims dale
- 3. Introduction to Computers-Alexis Leon and Mathews Leon
- 4. Michael Miller, Absolute Beginner's guide to computer Basics, Fourth Edition, PearsonEducation (2007)
- 5. Peter Norton, Introduction to computers, Sixth Edition Tata McGraw Hill (2007)
- 6. Manuals for MS DOS, MS Office, MS Windows, UNIX.
- 7. Office 2000/2003 Complete, BPB Publication.
- 8. Internet basic reference A to Z, by Falk B., BPB, Delhi perating Systems by Stallings, PHI.
- 9. Thukral, J K (2008) Business Mathematics; Mayur Publications, New Delhi.
- 10. Nag, N.K (2001) Business Mathematics & Statistics; Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 11. Soni, R.S. (2009) Essentials of Business Mathematics and Statistics; Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 12. Sharma AK (2005), Business Statistics, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi
- 13. Kapoor, V. K. (2004) Business Mathematics; Sultan Chand & Sons, Delhi.
- 14. Allen R.G.D. (2003) Basic Mathematics; Macmillan, New Delhi.
- 15. Dowling, E.T. (2002) Mathematics for Economics; Schaum Series, McGraw Hill, London.
- 16. Sharma J K (2010), Business Statistics, Pearson Education India, New Delhi.

Skill Component: PHYSICS-I: Units and Measurements, Circuit Theory and Electrical Fundamentals (RPH1CRT0123)

75 hours 5 credits

Course Outcomes

- Define the measurement system and demonstrate the ability to convert measurements
- Associate the concept of semiconductors with real world applications
- Analyze the working of basic electronic circuits and devices
- Apply semiconductor principles in optoelectronic devices
- Analyze the properties of various components of electric circuit

Module I (25 Hours)

MEASUREMENTS: Units Necessity of measurement, concept of unit of a physical quantity, requirements of standard unit, Various system of units (CGS, MKS, SI, FPS), conversions, practical units, fundamental and derived physical quantities and their units, dimensions and dimensional analysis

MEASURING INSTRUMENTS: Measurement of time - water clocks - sun dials - pendulum clocks-digital clocks - atomic clocks-Length measurements - rulers - standard meter - micro meters- screw gauges - travelling microscopes - laser range finder - sonar - GPS- Angle Measurements - Spectrometer verniers - scale and telescope - measurement of stellar parallaxes-Electrical measurements - Working principle of galvanometer - voltmeter - ammeter and digital multimeters

Module II: Varying Currents

(15 Hours)

Growth and decay of current in an inductive circuit-charge and discharge of a capacitor through a resistance - measurement of high resistance by capacitor leakage method- DC applied to LCR series circuit(charge case)-discharging of capacitor through LR circuit(discharge case)

Module III: Alternating Currents & Circuit Theory

(20 Hours)

RMS and peak values-AC through series LCR(acceptor circuit) and parallel LCR circuit (rejecter circuit)-Q factor-power in AC-power factor-measurement of power in AC circuit-AC watt meter- Distribution of three phase current: star

connection - delta connection -Ideal voltage and current sources-Thevenin's and Norton's theorems-Maximum power transfer theorem- Superposition Theorem

Module IV (15 Hours)

RESISTORS: Fixed and Variable type (preliminary ideas) - Colour Code of Standard Resistors. CAPACITORS: Fixed and Variable type, Colour Coding of capacitors.

CABLES/WIRES: Types: flexible, hook-up, coaxial and fiber optic. Multi-core Power and Controlcables

SWITCHES: Different Types: Slide, Toggle, Push to ON, Push to OFF, Rocker: Their applications RELAYS: Construction, rating & working principle of general purpose relay, Reed relay.

- 1. Fundamentals of Physics; David Halliday & Robert Resnick; 2010; John Wiley & Sons
- 2. Basic Electronics- Solid state; BL Thereja; 2005; S. Chand & Co.
- 3. Instrumentation devices and systems, C. S Rangan, G. R. Sharma, V. S. V. Mani. TataMcGraw-Hill



Skill Component: Renewable Energy -I: Fundamentals of Sustainable Energy & Development(REG1CRT0123)

75 hours 5 Credits

Course Outcomes

- Summarize about the need of different renewable energy resources and to relate about the historical and latest developments.
- Analyze about the potential of solar energy and to discuss about the harvesting of solar energy
- Illustrate the various applications of solar energy
- Illustrate about the usable forms of biomass, biomass conversion technologies and biogasplants
- Associate about basic principles of wind energy conversion and various forms of sustainableenergy resources.

Module I: Introduction to Energy Sources

(5 Hours)

Energy sources and their availability- Conventional energy sources- Renewable energy sources-Need of renewable energy sources

Module II: Solar Energy

(25 Hours)

Potential of Solar Energy-solar radiation and Measurement-types of solar energy collectors- Solar water heating systems- Solar air heating and cooling systems-Solar thermal electric conversion- Solar photovoltaic system-Other applications of solar energy like distillation, pumping, furnace, green house etc.

Module III: Biomass and Biogas Energy

(25 Hours)

Introduction – usable forms of biomass, their composition and fuel properties-Biomass conversion technologies- Biomethanation: Phases in biogas production, Parameters affecting biogas Production - Classification of biogas plants - Types of biogas plants- Methods for maintaining biogas production-Bio diesel

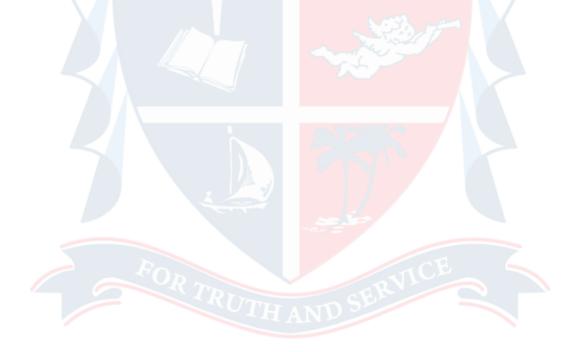
Module IV: Wind Energy & Other Sources of Sustainable Energy (20 Hours)

Scope for Wind energy in India- Basic principles of wind energy conversion- Site selection considerations- Basic components of wind energy conversion system-Types of wind machines- Performance of Wind machines- Application of Wind

Energy- Solar wind hybrid system

Other Sources of Sustainable Energy Tidal Energy- Geothermal Energy- Magneto Hydro Dynamic energy- Chemical energy Sources-Hydrogen Energy

- 1. Non-conventional energy sources; G.D. Rai; 2011; Fifth Edition, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Non-conventional Energy Sources and Utilization (Energy Engineering); R.K. Rajput; 2012; First Edition.; S. Chand & Company Ltd
- 3. Non-conventional Energy Sources and Utilization (Energy Engineering); R.K. Rajput; 2012; First Edition.; S. Chand & Company Ltd.
- 4. Solar Thermal and Biomass Energy; G. Lorenzini, C. Biserni& G. Flacco; 2010; FirstEdition; WIT Press, UK.



Skill Component:Practical: General Physics Lab (REG1CRP0123) 60 hours 4 credits

Course Outcomes

- Develop practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to physics theory
- Analyze the role of direct observation in physics and also the coherence between theoryand practical experiments
- Understand advanced measurement technology, usage of new instruments.
- Analyse the basic circuit diagrams and construct the electric circuit for taking measurements
- Develop scientific measurement skill and analysis and verification of observational data
 - 1. Travelling microscope
 - 2. Spectrometer-Angle of prism
 - 3. Symmetric compound pendulum
 - 4. Verification of Ohm's law
 - 5. Conversion of Galvanometer into voltmeter
 - 6. Determination of the end correction of a meter bridge
 - 7. Determination of the specific resistance of the material of a wire using meter bridge
 - 8. Measurement of average resistance per unit length of a wire using Carey Foster's bridge
 - 9. Potentiometer-Calibration of a low range voltmeter
 - 10. Potentiometer-Calibration of a low range ammeter
 - 11. Potentiometer-Measurement of e.m.f. of a cell
 - 12. Series LCR circuit-frequency response

Skill Component: Practical: Computer Applications Lab - MATLAB (REG1CRP0223)

60 hours 4 credits

Course Outcomes

- Understand the main features of MATLAB program and enable to use in higher learning.
- Interpret and visualize simple mathematical functions and operations there on graphing them using plots/display.
- Apply a variety of common numeric techniques to solve and visualize engineering-related computational problems.
- Analyze the program for correctness and determine/estimate/predict the output and verifyit under simulation environment using MATLAB tools.
- Demonstrate the application of loop control statements in MATLAB program

 Create a structure for an employee database storing information about employee code, name, designation and salary. First create 3 records and then write command to read the second employee's designation.
- 1. Write a program to illustrate using menu function to select a candidate from given choices: (Kiran, Sham, Johns, Fielder, Margret, Green Field, Tom, Mark Ryan, Alex Paul, Simson.)
- 2. Plot a 2-D graph with axes , x= cos θ , y = sin θ , where $0 \le \theta \le 2^\circ$, taking 100 linearly spaced points in the given interval .Label the axes and title the graph with text string.
- 3. Plot a graph for 'power v/s time' 0 < t < 10 sec , with power on the log scale and time inlinear scale for a motor whose performance equations are given as follows:
 - (a) Rotational speed, $\omega = 190(1 e^{-0.15t})$
 - (b) Torque, T=8e^{-0.15t}
 - (c) Power = ωT
- 4. Write a program to plot a bar graph to show the comparison of average temperature incities: Ernakulam, Palakkad, Kollam, for months from October

to May.

- 5. Write a program for following:
 - (a) To generate 100 random data points using ROSE function.
 - (b) To show rating of different small scale industries as per the given data,
 - (c) using 'pie' function.
- 6. Write a program to
 - (a) Draw the stairs to plot, to show the function $y = x^3$, where $-3 \le x \le 3$.
 - (b) Draw the stem plot for the following data:

$$X = [01234567] Y = [3-98-75313]$$

- 7. Plot a graph by dividing the figure window into four sub- windows and plot thefollowing functions:
 - (a) Plot V v/s I, where V = 4I and I = 2,4,6,8,10.
 - (b) Plot Y v/s X, where Y=3 X^2 and X=3,4,5,6,7,8.
 - (c) For $t = 0: \mathbb{P}/30:6\mathbb{P}$, plot tan(t) v/st.
 - (d) Fort=0:@/60:5@ ,plot cos(t) v/st.
- 8. Write a program to find the largest of given 'n' numbers using for loop and if structure. Given data:45,67,10,33,50.
- 9. Write a program to draw the curves for function, $y=\sin(3x)$, $y=4x^3+5x$, $y=\cos(4x)$ in a singlegraph figure window using single plot command.
- 10. Write a program using while loop to reverse the digits of a number.
- 11. Write a program to add two given row vectors, with the following data: [4 5 8] and [3456].



General Component: Advanced English Skills (ENG2CCT0323) 60 Hours 4 Credits

Course Outcomes

- Develop judgmental skills.
- Develops evaluation and problem-solving skills.
- Identify basic grammar to use the English language accurately.
- Create awareness about different types of official writings to enhance official communication skills.
- Build the ability to do presentations in a better way.

Module I (12 Hours)

Critical Thinking:Introduction to critical thinking - Benefits - Barriers - Reasoning - Arguments - Deductive and inductive arguments - Fallacies - Inferential comprehensionCritical thinking in academic writing - Clarity - Accuracy - Precision - Relevance.

Module II (12 Hours)

Research for Academic Writing and the Writing Process:Data collection - Use of print, electronic sources and digital sources - Selecting key points - Note making, paraphrasing, summary - Documentation - Plagiarism - Title - Body paragraphs - Introduction and conclusion - Revising - Proof-reading.

Module III (12 Hours)

Accuracy in Academic Writing:Articles - Nouns and prepositions - Subject-verb agreement - Phrasal verbs - Modals - Tenses - Condition-als - Prefixes and suffixes - Prepositions - Adverbs - Relative pronouns - Passives - Conjunctions - Em-bedded questions - Punctuation - Abbreviations.

Module IV (12 Hours)

Writing Models:Letters - Letters to the editor - Resume and covering letters - e-mail - Seminar papers - Project reports - Notices - Filling application forms - Minutes, agenda - Essays.

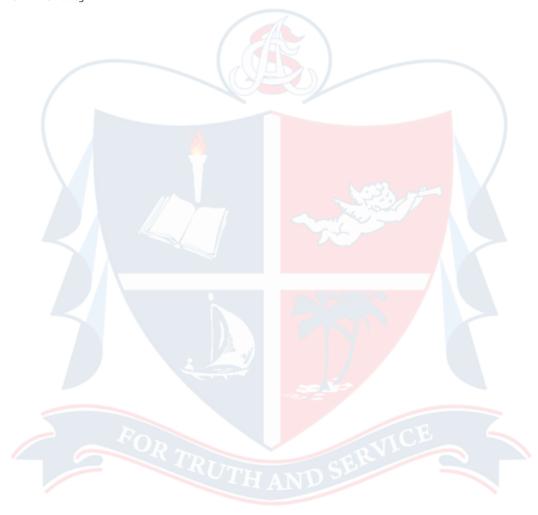
Module V (12 Hours)

Presentation Skills:Soft skills for academic presentations - Effective

communication skills - Structuring the presentation - Choosing appropriate medium - Flip charts - OHP - Power Point presentation - Clarity and brevity - Inter-action and persuasion - Interview skills - Group Discussions.

References

Marilyn Anderson, Pramod K Nayar and Madhucchandra Sen. Critical Thinking, Academic Writing and Presentation Skills. Pearson Education and Mahatma Gandhi University



General Component: Mathematics-II (RMA2CMT0123)

60 hours 4 credits

Course Outcomes

- Determine the extreme values of functions using derivative tests
- Define functions having more than one variable.
- Determine partial derivatives of functions of several variable
- Determine rank and inverse of a matrix using elementary row transformations
- Apply different numerical methods to obtain approximate solutions to mathematical problems

Module I: Applications of Derivatives

(15 Hours)

Extreme values of functions, The Mean Value Theorem, Monotonic functions and the first derivative test. (Proofs Excluded)

Module II: Partial Derivatives

(15 Hours)

Functions of several variables (Definition only), Partial derivatives, The Chain Rule.

Module III: Theory of Matrices

(15 Hours)

Definition, Types of Matrices, Operations on Matrices, Transpose of a Matrix, Elementary Transformations of a Matrix, Invertible Matrices, Finding Rank and Inverse of a Matrix using elementary row transformations.

Module IV: Numerical Analysis

(15 Hours)

Bisection Method, Method of False Position, Iteration Method, Newton-Raphson Method.

- 1. Thomas' Calculus, George B. Thomas Jr., 2008, 11th Edition, Pearson. (Sections 4.1 to 4.3)
- 2. Thomas' Calculus, George B. Thomas Jr., 2008, 11th Edition, Pearson. (Sections 14.3 to 14.4)

- 3. Matrices: Schaum's Outline Series, Frank Ayres Jr., TMH Edition.
- 4. A Text Book of Matrices, Shanthi Narayanan and P. K. Mittal, S. Chand Publications.
- 5. Matrix Theory, David W. Lewis, Allied Publications.
- 6. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, S. S. Sastry, 4th Edition, PHI (Sections 2.2 to 2.5)



General Component: Physics-II: Basic Electronics (RPH2CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Recall the basics of electronics
- Discuss the fundamentals of semiconductors
- Illustrate the basics of semiconductor diode and transistors
- Discuss the fundamentals of Opto-electronic devices
- Understand the ways of classification of photodetectors and its efficiency parameters

Module I (10 Hours)

Electronics- Atomic structure-structure of elements-The electron-Energy of an electron- valance electrons-free electrons- Voltage source-Constant voltage source-constant current source.

Bohr's atom model- Energy levels- Energy bands in solids – Classification of solids –metals insulators and semi-conductors

Module II (15 Hours)

Semiconductors- Bonds in semiconductors-crystals- commonly used semiconductors - Effect of temperature on semiconductors - hole current - intrinsic semiconductor - extrinsic semiconductor - charge on n type and p type semiconductors - majority and minority carriers- p n junction - current flow in forward biased pn junction- VI characteristics of p n junction- Important terms - limitations in the operating conditions of a pn junction

Module III (20 Hours)

Semiconductor diode and transistors

Semiconductor diode-crystal diode as a rectifier- resistance of a crystal diode-equivalent circuit of a crystal diode-half wave rectifiers and full wave rectifiers (Centre tap and bridge) - nature of rectifier output-ripple factor-Comparison of rectifiers- filter circuits- types of filter circuits - Voltage stabilization - zener diode-zener diode as voltagestabilizer.

Transistors-Bipolar junction transistors- naming of transistor terminals - transistor action transistor symbols - Common emitter, common base and common collector configurations- their characteristics.

Module IV (15 Hours)

Opto-electronic devices, Radiation Sources-LED - Principle - characteristics (V-I and light-current) applications, advantages Photo-detectors: Introduction - classification of detectors - qualitative idea of each type - Photo-diode, phototransistor, PIN photodiode- opto-isolators, APD

Solar Cells: Principles- I-V Characteristics - Fill factor - Conversion efficiency (qualitative study)

Reference

- 1. Principles of Electronics; V. K. Mehta; 2006; Tenth Edition; S. Chand & Co.
- 2. Optoelectronic Engineering, S.N. Biswass, Dhanpat Rai Publications
- 3. Photonics Elements and Devices, V. V. Rampal, Wheeler Publishing Co.
- 4. Semiconductor optoelectronic devices PallabBhattacharya

Additional Reading

- 1. Basic Electronics-B.L.Theraja: S.ChandCo.
- 2. Elements of electronics- M.K. Bagde, S.P. Sngh and K. Singh (S. Chand and Co.)
- 3. Optoelectronics, Wilson and Hawkes
- 4. Optoelectronics, Jasprit Singh
- 5. Semiconductor Physics and Devices Donald A Neamen, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 6. Semiconductor Physics and Optoelectronis, V. Rajendran et al, Vikas Publishing House
- 7. Physics of Semiconductor devices, Dilip K Roy, University Press.
- 8. Physics of Semiconductor devices, S M Sze, Wiley Eastern Limited

Skill Component: Renewable Energy-II: Physico-Chemical Processes For Water and Wastewater Treatment (REG2CRT0123) 5 Credits

Course Outcomes

- Explain how and why the physical, chemical and biological parameters of water vary
- Organize the types of sedimentation and disinfection
- Classify the filtration techniques
- Design various methods for water treatment process
- Significance of wastewater treatment and filtration methods

Module I (20 Hours)

Water Quality and Purification

Physical, chemical and biological parameters of water Water Quality requirement - Potable water standards - Wastewater Effluent standards - Water quality indices.

Physical processes-chemical processes and biological processes-Primary, Secondary and Tertiary treatment-Unit operations-unit processes.

Reference

- 1. Physicochemical processes for water quality control, Weber, W.J., John Wiley and sons, New York, 1983
- 2. American Public Health Association, 1998. Standard Methods for the Examination of Waterand Waste water, APHA, Washington D.C. (chapter 2, 3 & 4)

Module II (20 Hours)

Sedimentation and Disinfection

Types, Aeration and gas transfer, Coagulation and flocculation, coagulation processes - stability of colloids - destabilization of colloids transport of colloidal particles, Clari flocculation.

Theory of Disinfection - Factors affecting disinfection, Disinfection - chlorine

dioxide; chloramines; ozonation; UV radiation.

Reference

- 1. Waste water Engineering, Treatment and Reuse, Metcalf and Eddy, Tata McGraw- HillPublication, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Water and Wastewater Treatment: A Guide for the Non engineering Professional, Joanne E. Drinan, Frank Spellman. (Chapter 6 & 8). CRC Press, Taylor and Francis.

Module III (20 Hours)

Filtration

Theory of granular media filtration; Classification of filters; slow sand filter and rapid sand filter; mechanism of filtration; modes of operation and operational problems; negative head and air binding; dual and multimedia filtration, pressure filters, principle of working and design.

Reference

- 1. Water & Waste Water Engineering by Fair and Gayer.
- 2. Water and Wastewater Treatment: A Guide for the Non engineering Professional, Joanne E. Drinan, Frank Spellman. (Chapter 7). CRC Press, Taylor and Francis.

Module IV (15 Hours)

Miscellaneous Methods

Ion-Exchange-processes, Application of Membrane Processes, Reverse Osmosis, Microfiltration, Nano-filtration, Ultra-filtration and Electrodialysis.

- 1. C.A. Sastry, Water Treatment Plants, Narosa Publishing House, Bombay, 1996.
- 2. Handbook of Water and Wastewater Treatment Technologies. Nicholas P. Cheremisin(Chapter 10)

Skill Component: Renewable Energy-III: Photovoltaic Module Installation (REG2CRT0223)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- To identify various types of solar cells and PV modules and also the various parameters relating to it.
- To analyse and compare about different types of inverters and to examine various connection systems.
- To estimate the need for site surveys and to focus on the effect of shading analysis on PV modules.
- Illustrate the concepts of planning and sizing of grid connected photovoltaic systems.
- Familiarize the sizing and selection of cables, PV modules, AC/DC switches etc.

Module I (15 Hours)

Solar Cells and PV modules: Solar cell types-Equivalent circuit diagrams of solar cells - Spectral sensitivity -Efficiency of solar cells and PV modules-Types of modules-Design options for PV modules -Module cable outlets and junction boxes -Wiring symbols - Characteristic I-V curves for modules -Irradiance dependence and temperature characteristics

Hot spots, bypass diodes and shading-Quality certification for modules Text-book:

Planning and installing photovoltaic systems-A guide for installers, architects and engineers; The German Energy Society; 2008; Second Edition; Earthscan, UK.

Module II (20 Hours)

Inverters & Cables: PV array combiner/junction boxes, string diodes and fuses - Inverter single phase and three phase-Grid-connected inverters -Wiring symbol and method of operation - Grid-controlled inverters -Self-commutated inverters - characteristic curves and properties of grid-connected inverters-Further developments in grid-connected inverter technology, MPPT, Cabling wiring and connection systems - Module and string cables -Connection systems -DC main

cable -AC connection cable -Direct current load switch (DC main switch) -AC switch disconnector.

Text-book

Planning and installing photovoltaic systems-A guide for installers, architects and engineers; The German Energy Society; 2008; Second Edition; Earthscan, UK.

Module III (20 Hours)

Site Surveys and Shading Analysis: On-site visit and site survey -Consulting with the customer Shadow types-Temporary shading -Shading resulting from the location -Shading resulting from the building -Shading analysis-Using a site plan and sun path diagram-Using a sun path diagram on acetate Shade analysis tools using software-Shading, PV-array configuration and system concept -Connection in series -& in parallel-Comparison of connection concepts Shading with free-standing/rack-mounted PV arrays -Reducing the mutual shading losses of rack-mounted PV modules -Checklists for building survey

Text-book

Planning and installing photovoltaic systems-A guide for installers, architects and engineers; The German Energy Society; 2008; Second Edition; Earthscan, UK.

Module IV (20 Hours)

Planning and Sizing Grid-Connected Photovoltaic Systems-System size and module choice - System concepts -Central inverter, Sub-array and string, module inverter-Inverter installation site- Sizing the inverter -Choosing the number and power rating of inverters -Determining the number of strings -Sizing using simulation programs-Selecting and sizing cables for grid- tied PV systems -Cable voltage ratings -Cable current carrying capacity -Minimizing the cable losses/voltage drops - Sizing the module and string cabling -Sizing the DC main cable- Sizing the AC connection cable 171 Selection and sizing of the PV array combiner/junction box and the DC main disconnect/isolator switch -Lightning protection, earthen/grounding and surge protection

Text-book

Planning and installing photovoltaic systems-A guide for installers, architects and engineers; The German Energy Society; 2008; Second Edition; Earthscan, UK.

Skill Component: Practical Electronics and Photovoltaic Module Installation (REG2CRP0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Perform experiments to plot the V-I characteristics of electronic components
- Apply the electronic principles to calculate the efficiency and regulation of rectifiers.
- Familiarize with appropriate access equipment and basic roofing techniques for PV module installation
- Carry out measurement within PV modules and array
- Fault diagnosis on modules array
- 1. Multimeter-Familiarization
- 2. Diode Characteristics
- 3. Half wave rectifier with and without filter-ripple factor and load regulation
- 4. Characteristics of Zener diode
- 5. LED characteristics
- 6. Solar cell I-V characteristics in the dark and under illumination
- 7. Familiarize appropriate access equipment and basic roofing techniques for PV module installation
- 8. Positioning, fixing and installing
- 9. Connecting PV system to the grid through a domestic distribution board
- 10. Carry out measurement within modules and array
- 11. Fault diagnosis on modules and array
- 12. Operational testing for an inverter

Skill Component: Internship - I (REG2CPR0123)

4 Credits

Course Outcomes

- To integrate theory and practice for better job exposure.
- To create a record on the inputs gained from work environment.
- To develop skills to handle the operations in the organization with an emphasis on renewable energy technology and management.

After the completion of the second semester, the student will intern with a renewable energy firm approved by the Department for a period of 2-4 weeks. The student should actively participate in the operations of the organization with an emphasis on renewable energy technology and management and should work like any other employee of that organization. A minimum of 3 field visits for the site inspection/survey as suggested by the organization are also included in the internship. At the end of the internship, the student should prepare a comprehensive report and present the report with the aid of PPT to the corresponding supervising teachers. The student should also produce a certificate of internship from the organization. All the above details should be submitted to the Department for evaluation.





General Component: Environmental Education (REG3CMT0223) 60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- To assess necessary scientific concepts while encountering environmental problems
- To prepare for employment and graduate studies in the analysis and mitigation of environmental problems
- Analyse the national and international level environment protection measures and environment management
- To appreciate the ethical, cross cultural and historical context of environmental issue and the links between human and natural systems
- To understand the environmental problems and ways to minimize them

Module I (15 Hours)

Objectives, Scope and Nature of Environmental Education, Meaning, definition and characteristics of environmental education - content; Importance, objectives and scope of environmental education; Factors of degradation of environment - adverse socio - economic impacts of degradation of environment. Environmental education at Primary, Secondary and Higher Education level. Contraints for implementation. National resource center for environmental education. Impact of Science and technology on environment- degradation of resources - Role of individual in conservation of natural resources- Role of information technology in environmental and human health.

- 1. Sharma, R. A. (2008). Environmental Education. Meerut: R.LallBooksDepot.
- 2. Sharma, B. L., &Maheswari, B. K. (2008). Education for Environmental and Human value.Meerut: R.LallBooksDepot.
- 3. Singh,Y. K. (2009). Teaching of environmental science. New Delhi: APHPublishingCorporation.
- 4. Sharma, V. S. (2005). Environmental education. New Delhi: Anmolpublication.

- 5. Reddy, P. K.,& Reddy, N. D. (2001). Environmental Education. Hyerabad: Neelkamalpublications.
- 6. Kelu,P.(2000).Environmentaleducation:Aconceptualanalysis.Calicut:CalicutUniversity.
- 7. Joy, P., & Neal, P. (1994). The handbook of environmental education: London, NewFetterLane
- 8. Sharma, R. G. (1986). Environmental Education. New Delhi : Metropolitan Book Co., Pvt.Ltd.

Module II (15 Hours)

Environmental Pollution, Management and Protection, Meaning and definition of Environmental hazards and pollution – Types of environmental hazards and disaster – Types of pollution: Land, Air, Water, Noise, and Radiation- Green house effect- Ozone layer depletion. Need for environmental management – function and characteristics of environmental management – dimensions of environmental management.

Factors responsible for flora and fauna extinction - Measures to conserve flora and fauna.- causes for forest fire- measures of prevention

References

- 1. Harrison R.M. 1993. Pollution: Causes, Effects and Control. Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 2. Marquata K. Hill. 1997. Understanding Environmental pollution. Cambridge UniversityPress.

Module III (15 Hours)

India and Environmental Issues, Policies and Movements, Major environmental problems in India - Environmental protection and polices inIndia - Need and objectives of conservation - Environmental conservation measures taken in India - Constitutional amendments made and Environmental laws. Environmental movements in India. Strategies for sustainable development in India.

References

1. Kumar, A. (2009). A text book of environmental science.

New Delhi: APHPublishingCorporation.

- 2. Singh,Y. K. (2009). Teaching of environmental science. New Delhi: APHPublishingCorporation.
- 3. Sharma, V. S. (2005). Environmental education. New Delhi: Anmolpublication.
- 4. Reddy, P. K.,& Reddy, N. D. (2001). Environmental Education. Hyderabad: Neelkamalpublications

Module IV (15 Hours)

International Efforts for Environmental Protection, The Stockholm conference 1972 - Brundtland commission 1983 - Nairobi conference 1982 - The Rio Summit 1992 - the Rio Declaration at the earth charter - Major achievements of the Rio Summit - Main features of the Rio Declaration - Kyoto conference and part on Global Warming1997.

- 1. Ian Paulford., Hugh Flowers., 20<mark>06. Environmental C</mark>hemistry at a Glance.Blackwell.
- 2. Marquata K. Hill. 1997. Understanding Environmental pollution. Cambridge UniversityPress.
- 3. Harrison R.M. 1993. Pollution: Causes, Effects and Control. Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 4. Jogdand S.N., 1995. Environmental biotechnology and industrial pollution management. Himalaya Publishing House



General Component: Physics-III: Thermodynamics and Fluid mechanics (RPH3CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Interpret the laws of thermodynamics
- Apply the fundamentals of the three heat transfer modes in hands on experiments
- Identify the properties of fluids and fundamentals of fluid mechanics
- Evaluate the performance characteristic of fluid flow through pipes and orifice
- Understand Bernoulli's equation and its application

Module I (10 Hours)

Laws of thermodynamics: - First law of thermodynamics- second law of thermodynamics- Clausius and kelvin statement-thermodynamic processes-reversible and irreversible- Isothermal and adiabatic changes-Work done during adiabatic and isothermal expansion-Heat engine and efficiency-Carnot's cycle-efficiency- Difference between heat pump and refrigerator.

Reference

- 1. Thermodynamics- Zeman sky and Dittmann (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Heat and Thermodynamics- Brijlal and Subrahmanyam (S. Chand&Co)

Module II (15 Hours)

Transmission of Heat: - Conduction-Convection-Radiation-Thermal conductivity-Units- Rectilinear flow of heat through a rod- flow of heat through compound media- Radial flow of heat through spherical shell-flow of heat through cylindrical tube-Determination of thermal conductivity- Searle's method-Lees Method-Lee's Disc method-Conductivity of Glass.

- 1. Thermodynamics- Zemansky and Dittmann (Tata McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Heat and Thermodynamics- Brijlal and Subrahmanyam (S. Chand&Co)

Module III (15 Hours)

Fluid Mechanics: - Definition of Fluid-Distinction between solids & fluid and liquid & gas fluid continuum-Mass Density-Specific Volume-Viscosity- Newton's law of viscosity- Newtonian and Non-Newtonian Fluids-Flow of fluids-Steady & Unsteady Flow Uniform & Non-Uniform Flow- Laminar & Turbulent Flow-Compressible & Incompressible Flow- Determination of coefficient of viscosity by Poiseuille's method-determination of viscosity by Stokes method-Surface tension- Definitions, units and dimensions

Reference

- 1. Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Power Engineering; D .S. Kumar; 1997; S. K. Kataria&Sons.
- 2. A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines; R.K. Bansal; 2005; Ninth Edition:LaxmiPrakashan.
- 3. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics; K. Subramanya; 1993; First Edition; TataMcGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.

Module IV (20 Hours)

Description of fluid flow: Lagrange and Eulerian approaches-Definition of path line, streamline, streak line, stream tube, Acceleration of flow- Concept of Inertia force and other forces causing motion-Derivation of Euler's equation-Modification of Bernoulli's equation- problem on Bernoulli's equation without and with losses -Flow through Orifices; classification- Hydraulic Co-efficient of an Orifice and relation between them-Equation for Co-efficient of velocity, problems-Flow Through Pipes-Venturi Meter

- 1. Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Power Engineering; D .S. Kumar; 1997; S. K. Kataria& Sons .
- 2. A Textbook of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines; R.K. Bansal; 2005; Ninth Edition; Laxmi Prakashan.
- 3. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics; K. Subramanya; 1993; First Edition; TataMcGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.

General Component: Renewable Energy-IV: Novel Renewable Energy Sources (REG3CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Explain the field applications of hydrogen energy
- Identify the need of energy conversion and the various methods of energy storage
- Explain Geothermal & Ocean energy, its mechanism of production and its applications
- Illustrate the concepts of Direct Energy Conversion systems & their applications
- Understand magnetic and electric storage system

Module I (15 Hours)

Hydrogen Energy:- Basics of Hydrogen Energy - Production methods - Storage and transportation - Applications

Reference

- 1. Non-conventional energy sources; G.D. Rai; 2011; Fifth Edition, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Non-conventional Energy Sources and Utilization (Energy Engineering); R.K. Rajput; 2012; First Edition.; S. Chand & Company Ltd.

Module II (15 Hours)

Fuel Cell:- Principle of working -Basic thermodynamic and electrochemical principles - Classifications-Applications for power generations

Electrochemical Energy Storage System: Batteries - Types - Working principles - Role of carbon nanotubes in electrode

- 1. Non-conventional energy sources; G.D. Rai; 2011; Fifth Edition, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Non-conventional Energy Sources and Utilization (Energy Engineering); R.K.

Rajput; 2012; First Edition.; S. Chand & Company Ltd.

Module III (15 Hours)

Ocean Energy:- Ocean energy resources - Ocean energy routes- Ocean thermal energy conversion - Wave energy conversion - Tidal energy conversion

Geothermal Energy: Origin - Types of geothermal energy sites - Geothermal Power plants

References

- 1. Non-conventional energy sources; G. D. Rai; 2011; Fifth Edition, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Non-conventional Energy Sources and Utilization (Energy Engineering); R.K. Rajput; 2012; First Edition.; S. Chand & Company Ltd.

Module IV (15 Hours)

Magneto hydrodynamic (MHD) energy conversion: Principle of operation - Classifications Features of MHD Systems

Magnetic and Electric Storage System: Super conducting magnetic energy storage (SMES) systems - Capacitor and super capacitor

- 1. Non-conventional energy sources; G. D. Rai; 2011; Fifth Edition, Khanna Publishers
- 2. Non-conventional Energy Sources and Utilization (Energy Engineering); R.K. Rajput; 2012; First Edition.; S. Chand & Company Ltd.

Skill Component: Renewable Energy-V: Solar Thermal Technology-I (REG3CRT0123)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course Outcome

- Explain the principles that underlie the ability of various natural phenomena to deliver solar energy.
- Evaluate and analyze the performance of solar collectors.
- Analyze the working of various solar concentrators.
- Discuss the potential applications of solar thermal energy.
- Understand solar cooling of building and solar thermal energy

Module I (15 Hours)

Solar radiation:- The sun as the source of radiation-Solar constant-Spectral distribution of extraterrestrial radiation and its variation-Basic Earth Sun angles-Diffuse radiation- Availability of solar radiation-measurement of diffuse and direct radiation

Reference

Module II (20 Hours)

Flat Plate Collectors:- Liquid Flat Plate Collector- Materials for flat plate collector-Efficiency of flat plate collectors-Flat plate air heating collectors-Types and novel designs- Solar ponds

Module III (20 Hours)

Solar Concentrating Collectors:- Parameters characterizing solar concentrators-Classification of solar concentrators- Thermodynamic limits to concentration-Solar concentrator mountings- Performance analysis of cylindrical parabolic collector- Compound parabolic collector- Point focusing solar concentrators-Materials for solar concentrators.

Module IV (20 Hours)

Solar Thermal Applications:- Solar water heater-Natural and forced circulation type- Solar Cookers-Types-Solar Still- Solar drying of food-Basics- Types-Solar heating of buildings- active and passive-Solar cooling of buildings-refrigeration

and air conditioning- Solar Furnaces-Solar thermal energy storage

Reference

Solar Energy: Fundamentals and Applications; H. P. Garg& J. Prakash; 2000; Tata McGraw- Hill.



Skill Component: Renewable Energy-VI: Wind energy (REG3CRT0223)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- Evaluate different wind energy policy environments and analyze and critique the relativements of alternative policy scenarios
- Analyze key wind farm planning studies and explain the implications of the studies for windfarm development
- Understand the wind energy systems and design tradeoffs for the large components
- Identify problems and potential solutions associated with integrating high windpenetrations into the electric grid
- Understand the factors influencing wind energy economics and site specific parameters

Module I (30 Hours)

Basics of Wind Energy Conversion:- History of wind energy, Current status and future prospects, Wind Energy in India- Power available in the wind- Wind Turbine power and torque characteristics-Types of rotors: Horizontal and Vertical axis wind turbine- Characteristics of wind rotor-Analysis of wind regimes- Local effects, wind shear, Turbulence and acceleration effects-Measurement of wind: Ecological indicator, Anemometers-wind direction-Wind speed statistics: Time and Frequency distribution, Mean wind speed and-distribution of wind velocity- Statistical model for wind data analysis: Weibull distribution-Energy estimation of wind regimes.

Module II (15 Hours)

Aerodynamics of wind turbine, Airfoil, lift and drag characteristics- Aerodynamic theories- Axial momentum theory- Blade element theory- Strip theory- Power coefficient and tip speed ratio characteristics-Rotor design and Performance analysis

Module III (20 Hours)

Wind energy conversion systems:- Wind electric generators- Tower, rotor,

gearbox, power regulation, safety mechanisms- Generator: Induction and synchronous generator-Grid integration- Wind pumps- Wind driven piston pumps, limitations and performance analysis

Module IV (10 Hours)

Wind Energy and Environment:- Environmental benefits and problems of wind energy

Economics of wind energy: Factors influencing the wind energy economics-Site specificparameters-machine parameters- Life cycle cost analysis

Reference

1. Wind Energy: Fundamentals, Resource Analysis and Economics; Mathew Sathyajith; 2006; Springer

Additional reading

- 1. Johnson GL. Wind Energy Systems, (Electronic Edition), Prentice Hall Inc.2006
- 2. Burton T. Sharpe D. Jenkins N. Boss<mark>anyi E. Wind Energ</mark>y Handbook. John Wiley,2001
- 3. Jha AR. Wind Turbine Technology, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis, 2011
- 4. Jain P. Wind Energy Engineering. McGraw-Hill2011



Skill Component: Practical-Thermodynamics and Solar Thermal Lab (REG3CRP0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

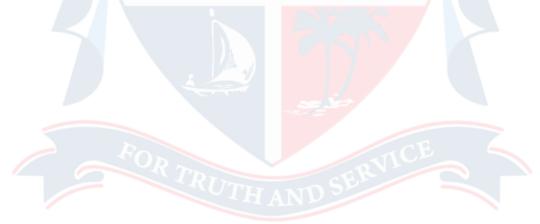
- Experimental investigations of solar thermal systems and understand the implications of the results.
- Estimate the system efficiency and heat loss of a flat plate collector.
- To study the effect of change in parameters such as wind speed, irradiation and ambient temperature
- To understand and compare the pressure in various tubes with design values
- Understand the behaviour of flat plate collector with variation in radiation level and water temperature
- 1. Thermal conductivity of bad solid conductor- Lee's Disc
- 2. Thermal conductivity of powder samples- Lee's Disc
- 3. Thermal conductivity of rubber
- 4. Specific latent heat of steam-using condenser
- 5. Specific heat of liquid -Newton's law of cooling
- 6. Specific heat capacity of a solid
- 7. Operational experience on Pyranometer
- 8. Familiarization of Sunshine recorder
- 9. Measurement of temperature using Infrared Thermometer and Thermocouple
- 10. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in thermo symphonic mode of flow with fixed input parameters
- 11. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in thermo symphonic mode of flow with different radiation level
- 12. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in thermo symphonic mode of flow with different inlet water temperature.

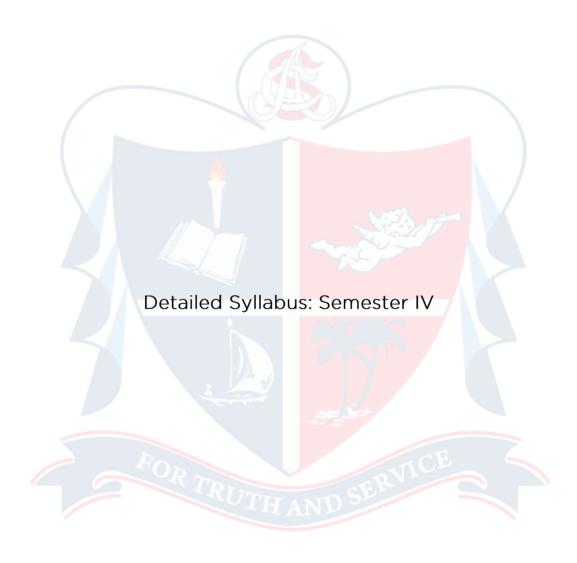
Skill Component: On the Job Training (OJT) (REG3OJT0123) 60 hours 4 Credits

Course Outcomes

- To develop skills to handle the operations in the organization with an emphasis on renewable energy technology and management.
- To identify and learn the working and behavior of other employees in the organization.

During the third semester, the student will take OJT with an organization approved by the Department for a period of 2 weeks. The total hours for the OJT in 120. The student should actively participate in the operations of the organization with an emphasis on renewable energy technology and management. They should also work like any other employee of that organization. At the end of On the job training, the student should prepare a comprehensive report and present the report with the aid of PPT to the corresponding supervising teachers. The student should also produce a certificate of completion of OJT from the organization. All the above details should be submitted to the Department for evaluation.





General Component: Chemistry-II: Physical Chemistry (RCH4CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Interpret the chemical reaction rates
- Explain crystal systems, bonding in crystals and magnetic properties of solids
- Develop theoretical basis for photochemistry to handle photochemical instrumentations
- Discuss the basics of nuclear chemistry applications: nuclear power and carbon dating.
- Discuss the working of nuclear reactor and disposal of nuclear waste

Module I (15 Hours)

Chemical Kinetics

Rate of reaction, rate law, order of reaction, molecularity of reaction. Integrated rate expression for first order reaction, half-life, determination of order of reactions. Influence of temperature on reaction rate – Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy, importance of activated complex. Catalysis: Homogeneous catalysis, enzyme catalysis – Michaelis- Menten equation. Heterogeneous catalysis – surface catalysis, uni and bi molecular reactions on surface. Elementary idea about autocatalysis.

Reference.

- 1. Principles of Physical Chemistry, B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania, 2013, 46thedn.Chapter 28 & 30, Vishal Pub.Co.
- 2. Physical Chemistry, G. W. Castellan, 2004, 3rdedn., chapter 32-34, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Physical Chemistry, P. Atkins. J. Paula, 2006, 8th edn, chapter 22-23, Oxford UniversityPress.

Module II (18 Hours)

Solid State

Classification: amorphous, crystalline - differences. Lattice, lattice energy, unit cell, examples of simple cubic, bcc and fcc lattices, calculation of number of molecules in a unit cell, calculation of lattice parameters of cubic unit cell. Weiss and Miller indices, crystal systems, Bravais lattices, X-ray diffraction - Bragg's equation, structure determination of NaCl by X-ray diffraction. Theories of Solid: metallic bond, band theory, conductors, semiconductors and insulators, mention of super conductors. Magnetic Properties: classification - diamagnetic, paramagnetic, antiferromagnetic, ferro and ferrimagnetic, permanent and temporary magnets.

Reference

- 1. Principles of Physical Chemistry, B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania, 2013, 46thedn.Chapter 31, Vishal Pub.Co.
- 2. Introduction to Solids, L.V. Azaroff, 1984, McGrawHill,...

Module III (12 Hours)

Photochemistry

Basic interaction of radiation with matter: Laws of photochemistry – Grothus-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law, examples of photochemical reactions. Beer law and Beer-Lambert's law. Jablonski diagram, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing). Quantum yield, primary and secondary processes. Concepts of Photosensitized reactions, flash photolysis and chemiluminescence. Photosynthesis, photosystem– 1 and 2. Chemistry of Ru(bpy)2 complexes in charge transfer reactions.

Reference

- 1. Principles of Physical Chemistry, B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania, 2013, 46thedn.Chapter 29, Vishal Pub.Co.
- 2. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, K.K. Rohatgi-Mukherjee, 1986, 2nd Edn., New Age, International.

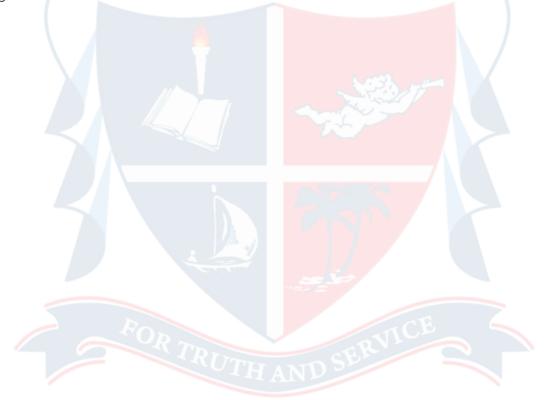
Module IV (15 Hours)

Nuclear Chemistry

Stability of Nucleus: - binding energy, magic number, packing fraction, n/p ratio.

Radioactivity: detection, GM counter, units of radioactivity. Nuclear Processes: natural radioactivity, induced radioactivity, fertile and fissile isotopes. Nuclear Reactions: fission and fusion, chain reactions, disposal of nuclear wastes. Applications: Reactors – conventional and breeder, energy generation, rock dating and radiocarbon dating, neutron activation analysis; medical, agricultural and industrial applications.

- 1. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, B. R. Puri, L. R. Sharma, K. C. Kalia,1998, Chapter 38Milestone Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, H. J. Arnikar, 2000, New Age International



General Component: Renewable Energy-VII: Solar Thermal Technology-II (REG4CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Apply principles of heat and mass transfer to predict transfer coefficients.
- Analyzing and testing various flat plate collectors
- Evaluating the performance of evacuated tubular collectors
- Thermal analysis of solar systems
- Analyzing the economic aspects of solar system

Module I (10 Hours)

Heat Transfer: Concepts and Definitions

Introduction-Conduction-Boundary Conditions-Overall Heat Transfer-Dimensionless Heat- Conduction Parameters-Convection-Radiation-Heat and Mass Transfer

Reference

- Solar Energy: Fundamentals, Design, Modeling and Applications; G. N. Tiwari;
 2002; Alpha Science.
- 2. Solar Energy Engineering; A. A. M. Sayigh; 1977; Academic Press, UK.

Module II (20 Hours)

Flat-Plate Collectors: Performance and Testing, Introduction-Testing of Collector-Heat Transfer Coefficients-Optimization of Heat Losses- Determination of Fin Efficiency-Thermal Analysis of Flat-Plate Collectors-Configuration of flat plate collector connection- Effect of Heat Capacity in Flat-Plate Collector-Optimum Inclination of Flat-Plate Collector-Effect of Dust in Flat-Plate Collector

Reference

1. Solar Energy: Fundamentals, Design, Modeling and Applications; G. N. Tiwari; 2002; Alpha Science.

Module III (15 Hours)

Evacuated solar collector

Introduction-Evacuated-TubeCover Collector-Evacuated-Tubular Collector-Analysis ofOwens-Illinois Collector-Evacuated-Tube Collector with Heat Pipe

Reference

1. Solar Energy: Fundamentals, Design, Modeling and Applications; G. N. Tiwari; 2002; Alpha Science.

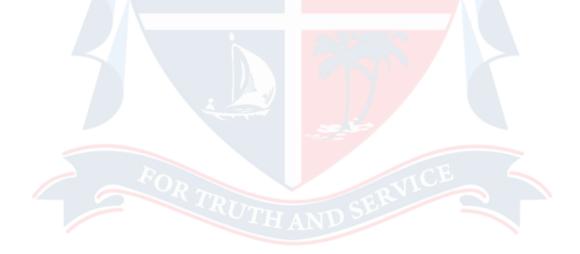
Module IV (15 Hours)

Economic Analysis

Initial and Annual Costs-Definitions-Present worth calculation-Repayment of loan in equal annual installments-Annual Savings-Cumulative Savings and Life Cycle Savings-Economic analysis of add-on solar systems-Payback period-clean development mechanism

Reference

Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Collec<mark>tion and Storage; S. P</mark>. Sukhatme and J. K. Nayak; 2008; Tata McGraw-Hill.



General Component: Material Science (REG4CMT0223)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Describe the fundamentals of nanoscience and discuss the various properties and synthesis of nanoparticles
- Describe the synthesis of nanoparticles and characterization methods
- Explain the actual working areas and applications of nanotechnology
- Discuss on the various classification of polymers.
- Describe thin film technology and differentiate physical and chemical fabrication

Module I (18 Hours)

Nanomaterials and Nanoscience: terminology- scales of nanosystems-nanoparticles: introduction-atoms to molecules-quantum dots-shrinking of bulk materials to quantum dots. Different types of nanoparticles: metal nanoparticles and monolayer substituted nanoparticles- fullerenes: synthesis and characterization- carbon nanotubes: synthesis and characterization- various approaches in nanoparticle synthesis: self-assembled monolayers, monolayer protected metal nanoparticles. electrical and optical properties of nanoparticles-electrical and optical properties of nanoparticles-

References

- 1. Nano: The Essentials, T. Pradeep, 2007, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, NewDelhi.
- 2. Nanosciece and nanotechnology, V. S. Muraleedharan and A. Subramania, 2009, Ane BooksPvt. Ltd. NewDelhi.
- **3.** Nanotubes and Nanowires, C. N. R. Rao and A.Govindraj, 2005, Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 4. Nanotechnology, R. Booker and , E. Boysen, 2008, Wiley India PvtLtd
- 5. Nanoscale materials in chemistry, K. J. Klabunde, 2004, John Wiley and Sons.

Module II (15 Hours)

Applications of nanomaterials:nanocatalysis- nanolithography- nanochemical

devices- optoelectronic devices- photodetectors- LEDs and lasers. nanocrystalsimmunogold labeling- applications in medical diagnosis- nanobased drug delivery- nanosensors- nanomedicines- destructive applications of nanomaterials- nanomaterials in war

References

- 1. Nano: The Essentials, T. Pradeep, 2007, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, NewDelhi.
- 2. Nanosciece and nanotechnology, V. S. Muraleedharan and A. Subramania, 2009, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Nanotubes and Nanowires, C. N. R. Rao and A.Govindraj, 2005, Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 4. Nanotechnology, R. Booker and , E. Boysen, 2008, Wiley India PvtLtd
- 5. Nanoscale materials in chemistry, K. J. Klabunde, 2004, John Wiley and Sons.
- 6. Introduction to nanotechnology, C. P. Poole Jr and F J Owens, 2009, Wiley IndiaPvtI td.
- 7. Nanotechnology: Science, Innovation and Opportunity, L. E. Foster, 2008, PearsonEducation

Module III (15 Hours)

Natural and Synthetic Polymers

Classification of polymers: Natural, synthetic; linear, cross-linked and network; plastics, elastomers, fibres; homopolymers and copolymers. Polymerization reactions, typical examples- polyethene, polypropylene, PVC, phenol-formaldehyde and melamine- formaldehyde resins, polyamides (nylons) and polyester. Natural rubber: structure, vulcanization. Synthetic rubbers- SBR, nitrile rubber, neoprene. Biodegradability of polymers, environmental hazards.

References

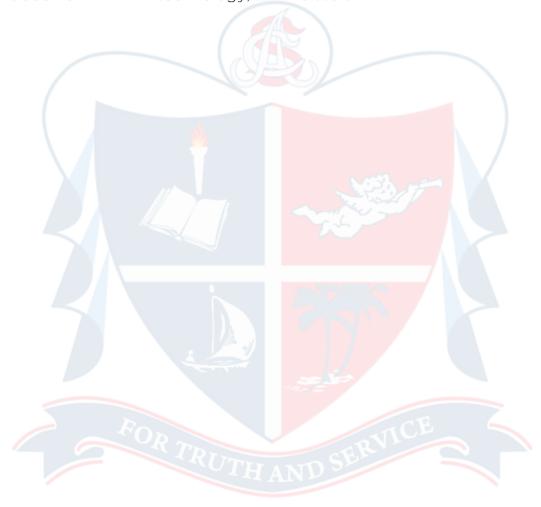
- 1. Polymer Science, V. R. Gowariker, 2010, NewAgeInternational
- 2. Text book of polymer science, Billmeyer F.W., 1994, Jr.John Wiley and Sons

Module IV (12 Hours)

Thin Film Fabrication Methods

Thin film preparation-Physical methods-Vacuum Evaporation-Electron Beam evaporation-Flash Evaporation-Sputtering-DC sputtering-Ion Beam sputtering-Chemical methods-Electro deposition-electro plating-Chemical bath-Spray Pyrolysis

- 1. Thin film Phenomena; K L Chopra; 1969; McGrawHill.
- 2. Handbook of Thin film technology; L. I. Meissel&



General Component: Renewable Energy-VIII: Solar Photovoltaic Energy Conversion-I(REG4CRT0123)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- Cite about the working of solar cell, various parameters and methods to maximiseits performance.
- Analyse about different solar PV modules, its design and different type of connections.
- Analyse the quality of a solar module and identification of optimum location for installation
- Identification and the use of tools and equipment for solar PV installation
- Review the overall system inspection

Module I (15 Hours)

Solar Cell Fundamentals

Introduction- semiconductors- p-n junction- generation of electron-hole pair by photon absorption photoconduction, I-V characteristics- solar cell parameters-open circuit voltage, short circuit current, fill factor, efficiency- effect of variation of insolation and temperature- energy losses and efficiency- maximizing the performances- cell size- Energy Payback Period (EPP)

Module II (20 Hours)

Solar photovoltaic (PV) module, panel and array construction

Solar PV modules- solar PV modules from solar cells, series and parallel connection, mismatch in cell/module, design and structure of PV modules, number of cells in a module, Wattage of modules, fabrication of PV modules, rating of PV modules- construction of solar PV panels and arrays from modules

Module III (20 Hours)

Identification and uses of tools and equipment used for solar PV installation-Assessment of quality of solar module- identify key technical parameter of solar module- identification of optimum location of installation- importance of accurate load and site assessment- design of standalone system- KSEB rules and regulations.

Module IV (20 Hours)

Overall system inspection-Testing of array-Wire and earthing continuity tests-Testing of charge controller-Testing of batteries- Battery capacity test- Battery fault detection - specific gravity observation - Start up the PV system-Unintentional Islanding - functionality tests

- 1. Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamental, Technologies and Applications; C.S. Solanki; 2011; Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Solar Energy: Fundamentals and Applications; H. P. Garg& J. Prakash; 2000; TataMcGraw-Hill.
- 3. Handbook of Photovoltaic Science and Engineering; Antonio Luque, Steven Hegedus; 2003; John Wiley and Sons.



Skill Component: Renewable Energy-IX: Energy Storage Systems (REG4CRT0223)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- Apply engineering fundamentals to design and implement electrical energy storage technologies such as hydrogen based systems and batteries to support sustainable energy solutions
- Evaluate electrical energy storage systems when used in conjunction with sustainable energy solutions
- Discuss the scientific principles underpinning the operations of energy storage systems
- Develop problem solving skills in energy storage engineering as a means of resolving intermittency of renewable energy sources such as solar and wind
- Analyse latent heat and thermal energy storage systems

Module I (15 Hours)

Energy Storage

Need of energy storage- Different modes of Energy Storage- Mechanical Energy Storage- Electrical Storage: Nickel Cadmium battery, Lead-acid battery-Chemical Storage- Electromagnetic energy storage- Thermal Energy Storage

Reference

Non-conventional energy sources; G.D.Rai; 2011; Fifth Edition, Khanna Publishers

Module II (25 Hours)

Electrochemical, electrical and magnetic energy storage systems

Primary & Secondary Batteries- Solid-State and Molten Solvent Batteries-Advanced Batteries- Types of batteries-C24 battery- Battery lifetime- selection of right battery for an application- Determination ofbattery size-instruments used for battery maintenance Superconducting Magnet Energy Storage (SMES) Systems- Capacitors-Super capacitor-Electrochemical Double Layer Capacitor (EDLC).

Reference

- 1. Handbook of batteries; David Linden& Thomas B. Reddy; 2002; Third Edition; McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
- 2. Energy Storage; Robert A. Huggins; 2010; Springer

Module III (15 Hours)

Sensible heat storage (SHS)

Mediums for SHS- Stratified storage systems- Rock-bed storage systems-Thermal storage in buildings- Energy storage in aquifers

Reference

Solar Thermal Energy Storage; H.P. Garg, S.C. Mullick and A. K. Bhargava; 1985; Springer

Module IV (20 Hours)

Latent Heat Thermal Energy Storage (LHTES)

Phase Change Materials (PCMs): Selection criteria of PCMs- Solar thermal LHTES systems- Energy conservation through LHTES systems- LHTES systems in refrigeration and air conditioning systems

Reference

Solar Thermal Energy Storage; H.P. Garg, S.C. Mullick and A. K. Bhargava; 1985; Springer



Skill Component: Practical- Solar Photovoltaic & Energy Storage Systems (REG4CRP0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Practice PV systems electrical and mechanical design/integration and examine the systemperformance.
- Analyze the operation of relevant energy storage systems and usage of tools in the systemevaluation.
- Understand advanced measurement technology, usage of new instruments
- Analysis of the working of PV system under various physical conditions
- Develop the skills for experimental design, analysis and numerical calculations of PV systemTemperature dependent conductivity of semiconductor
- 1. Lux meter and Power meter familiarization
- 2. Illuminated I-V characteristics of a solar cell-Calculation of Fill Factor and Efficiency
- 3. Comparison of the illuminated I-V characteristics of a photodiode with that of a solar cell.
- 4. Battery charging and discharging characteristics
- 5. Combine AC and DC load system with battery
- 6. Evaluation of heat transfer during charging and discharging of Phase Change Material (PCM)
- 7. Inspection of temperature distribution inside the PCM
- 8. Calculation of LMTD of the heat exchangers
- 9. Evaluation of system thermal efficiency during charging storing and discharging the PCM
- 10. Evaluation of overall system thermal efficiency
- 11. Calculation FOM of the system

Skill Component: Practical: Fluid Dynamics and Wind Energy (REG4CRP0223)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Develop practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to dynamics and wind
- Evaluate the role of direct observation in wind turbines and also the comparison betweentheory and practical experiments.
- Analyze the advanced measurement of wind energy with the aid of new instruments.
- Analyze the power output and its quality of wind energy systems
- Analyze the effect of load on power output and its quality
- 1. Surface tension Capillary rise method
- 2. Density of a liquid U-Tube and Hare's apparatus
- 3. Measurement of wind speed
- 4. Evaluation of cut-in speed and cut-off speed
- 5. I-V characteristics of wind turbine at different wind speed
- 6. Characteristics of wind turbine with electrolysis and water pump
- 7. P, V and F measurement of output of wind generator
- 8. Demonstration of system with charge controller
- 9. Demonstration of system with charge controller and inverter
- 10. Power quality of AC output of system.
- 11. Impact of wind speed on power output and its quality
- 12. Impact of load on power output and its quality



General Component: Physics-IV: Lasers and Optical Instrumentation (RPH5CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Describe the requirements for a system to act as a laser
- Relate the structure and properties of lasers to this performance and intended applications
- Assess which laser would best meet the need for a particular industrial/ research task
- Develop an awareness of the safety responsibilities involved in working with lasers
- Analyse various fabrication techniques of optical glasses

Module I (15 Hours)

Lasers

Absorption and emission of light-Absorption-spontaneous emission and stimulated emission- light amplification by stimulated emission-Einstein's relations-condition for light amplification – population inversion-pumping-pumping methods –optical pumping – electrical pumping –direct conversion. Active medium-metastable states-pumping schemes (two level, three level and four level) Optical resonator (theory not required) Threshold condition. Types of lasers-ruby laser, Nd-YAG laser, He-Ne laser, semi-conductor laser.

Reference

- 1. An introduction to lasers theory and applications; M N Avadhanulu; 2012; S.Chand&Co
- 2. Introduction to lasers and Applications; D.C. O'shea and W. R. Callen; 1978; AddisionWesley.

Module II (15 Hours)

Applications of Lasers

Laser for measurement of distance, length, atmospheric effect and pollutantsmaterial processing-laser heating, melting, scribing, trimming, welding, material removal and vaporization-Calculation of power requirements of laser for material processing-Holography- Basic principles-Holography for non-destructive testing-Medical application of lasers.

Reference

- 1. An introduction to lasers theory and applications; M N Avadhanulu; 2012; S.Chand&Co
- 2. Introduction to lasers and Applications; D.C. O'shea and W. R. Callen; 1978; AddisionWesley.
- 3. An introduction to lasers theory and applications; M N Avadhanulu; 2012; S.Chand&Co
- 4. Introduction to lasers and Applications; D.C. O'shea and W. R. Callen; 1978; AddisionWesley.

Module III (15 Hours)

Fibre Optics and Optical Communication

Optical fibre- Critical angle of propagation-modes of propagation- Acceptance angle- Fractional refractive index change- Numerical Aperture- Types of Optical fibers-Normalized Frequency- pulse dispersion Attenuation-Applications- Fibre optic communication system- Advantages of Optical fibers.

Reference

A textbook of optics; N. Subramanayam, Brijlal and M. N. Avadhanalu; 2004; S.Chand& Co.

Module IV (15 Hours)

Optical components and their characteristics

Plane mirrors, curved mirrors, achromatic prisms, direct vision prisms, right angle prisms, roof prisms, erecting prisms, cube corner prisms, beam splitter prisms, lenses, and ophthalmic lenses. Optical materials and fabrication techniques: optical glasses and their characteristics, crystallinematerials.

Reference

Optics and optical instruments, Johnson, Dover.

General Component: Renewable Energy-X: Environment, Health and Safety in Industries (REG5CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- To study and implement practical aspects of environmental protection and safety at work
- To make sure that their activities do not cause any harm to anyone
- To understand the different types of safety problems and their sustainable solutions
- Illustrate the health & safety concepts and objectives for the H&S work and how to behave safely during field work
- To understand the principles and methods of effective Training programmes

Module I (17 Hours)

Occupational Health and Hygiene

Need for developing Environment, Health and Safety systems in work places. Status and relationship of Acts, Regulations and Codes of Practice.Role of trade union safety representatives.International initiatives.Ergonomics and work place.Categories of health hazards.Exposure pathways and human responses to hazardous and toxic substances. Advantages and limitations of environmental monitoring and occupational exposure limits. Hierarchy of control measures for occupational health risks. Role of personal protective equipment and the selection criteria.Effects on humans, control methods and reduction strategies for noise, radiation and excessive stress.

- 1. Jogdand S.N., 1995. Environmental biotechnology and industrial pollution management; Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Effective Environmental, Health, and Safety Management Using the Team Approach by Bill Taylor, Culinary and Hospitality Industry Publications Services 2005
- 3. Kumar R. (Editor),,1997. Environmental pollution and health hazards in India.

Ashish Publication.

4. Ghosh G.K., 1987. Environmental pollution: a scientific dimension. Ashish Publication.

Module II (17 Hours)

Workplace Safety and Safety Systems

Features of the satisfactory design of work premises HVAC, ventilation. Safe installation and use of electrical supplies. Fire safety and first aid provision. Significance of human factors in the establishment and effectiveness of safe systems. Safe systems of work for manual handling operations. Control methods to eliminate or reduce the risks arising from the use of work equipment. Requirements for the safe use of display screen equipment. Procedures and precautionary measures necessary when handling hazardous substances. Contingency arrangements for events of serious and imminent danger.

References

- 1. Jogdand S.N., 1995. Environmental biotechnology and industrial pollution management. Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 2. Environmental and Health and Safety Management by Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff and Madelyn L. Graffia, William Andrew Inc. NY, 1995
- 3. Ian Paulford., Hugh Flowers., 2006. Environmental Chemistry at a Glance.Blackwell.
- 4. The Facility Manager's Guide to Environmental Health and Safety by BrianGallant

Module III (16 Hours)

Techniques of Environmental Safety

Elements of a health and safety policy and methods of its effective implementation and review. Functions and techniques of risk assessment, inspections and audits. Investigation of accidents- Principles of quality management systems in health and safety management. Relationship between quality manuals, safety policies and written risk assessments. Records and other documentation required by an organisation for health and safety. Industry

specific EHS issues.

Reference

- 1. Environmental and Health and Safety Management by Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff and Madelyn L. Graffia, William Andrew Inc. NY,1995
- 2. The Facility Manager's Guide to Environmental Health and Safety by Brian Gallant, Government Inst Publ., 2007.
- 3. Khitoliya R.K., 2004, Environmental pollution management and control for sustainabledevelopment. S. Chandpublication.
- 4. Bhattiya S.C., 2003. Managing industrial pollution. McMillanIndiaLtd.
- 5. Trivedi R.K. (Editor). Pollution and Bio monitoring of Indian Rivers. ABDpublication.

Module IV (10 Hours)

Education and Training

Requirements for and benefits of the provision of information, instruction, training and supervision. Factors to be considered in the development of effective training programmes. Principles and methods of effective training. Feedback and evaluation mechanism.

- 1. Reddy, P. K.,& Reddy, N. D. (2001). Environmental Education. Hyerabad: Neelkamalpublications.
- 2. Kelu, P. (2000). Environmental education: A conceptual analysis. Calicut:CalicutUniversity.
- 3. Agarwal, S.P. and Aggarwal, J.C. (1996) Environmental Protection, Education and Development. New Delhi: NewConcepts

General Component: Renewable Energy-XI: Project Management (REG5CMT0223)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Explain the basics of project Management and its scope
- Describe and develop skills about project implementation and monitoring
- Describe about project team management, rules and organizations
- Discuss the termination of and inventory management of project
- Explaining Practical and Legal aspects of Project Team Management

Module I (15 Hours)

Introduction: Definitions- Classifications- Project Risk- Scope

Project Management: Definitions- Overview- Project Plan- Management principles applied to project management- Project management life cycles and uncertainty

Project Planning: Scope- Problem Statement- Project Goals- Objectives-Success criteria-Assumptions- Risks-Obstacles- Approval process

Module II (15 Hours)

Project Implementation: Project resource requirements- Typesof resources: men, materials, finance Project Monitoring: Evaluation- Control-Project network technique- Planning for monitoring and evaluation- Project audits- Project management information system- Project scheduling-PERT & CPM- Project communication- Post project reviews

Module III (15 Hours)

Project Team Management: Recruitment- Organizing- Human Resources- Team operating rules- Project Organization- Various forms of project organizations- Project organization charting, project contracts, principles- Compilation of contracts- Practical aspects- Legal aspects- Global tender- Negotiations-Insurance

Module IV (15 Hours)

Closing the Project: Types of project termination- Strategic implications- Project in trouble- Termination strategies- Evaluation of termination possibilities-Termination procedures

Project Inventory Management: Nature of project inventory- Supply and transportation of materials- Use of PERT & CPM techniques

- 1. Project Management for 21st Century-Bennet P Lientz, Kathryn Rea-Academic Press,1995
- 2. The Essentials of Project Management-Dennis Lock-Gower Publishing Ltd., 2014
- 3. Project management David I Cleland Mcgraw Hill International Edition,1999
- 4. Project Management-Harvey-Maylor-Pearson Publication, 2009



Skill Component: Renewable Energy-XII: Energy Conservation Techniques (REG5CRT0123)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- List several ways to conserve energy
- Explain that energy in its various form that affect everyday objects and involved in everyday events
- Describe remedies/potential solutions to the supply environmental issues associated withfossil fuels and other energy resources
- Examine strategic and policy recommendations on energy conservation and energy auditing
- Familiarize Energy Efficient Building Techniques

Module I (20 Hours)

Introduction

Energy conservation & its importance - The Energy conservation Act 2001 & its features Waste Minimization & Resource Conservation

Need of waste minimization - Waste minimization method & its classification - Effects of wasteenvironment & Role of pollution control board - Case study.

Module II (20 Hours)

Energy Conservation Methods in Electrical System

Motors - Power factor improvement techniques - Effects of harmonics - Star-Delta conversion techniques - Variable speed drive (VSD) - Energy conservation in electric furnaces. - Pumps, Compressors, Fans & Blowers - Lighting systems - HVACsystems

Module III (20 Hours)

Energy Conservation In Thermal System

Boiler & furnace - Steam distribution system -HVAC - Waste heat recovery - Insulation of pipes - Condensate recovery - Fuel Handling - Other heat based application - Case Study

Module IV (15 Hours)

Energy Conservation in Housing & Commercial Building

In Lighting System - Water heating system - Optimization cooking method - Energy efficientbuilding.

References

- 1. Energy Conservation in the Chemical & Allied Industries; S.K. Awasthi; 1989; South Asian Publishers, New Delhi
- 2. Energy Management Handbook; Wayne C. Turner; 2001; FairmontPress
- 3. Industrial Energy Conservation; Melvin H. Chiogioji; 1979; M.Dekker

Additional Reading

- 1. www.bee-india.com
- 2. Energy Efficiency in Thermal Utilities, 2010, BEE guidebook
- 3. Energy Efficiency in Electrical Utilities, 2010, BEE guidebook



Skill Component: Renewable Energy-XIII : Solar Photovoltaic Energy Conversion-II(REG5CRT0223)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- Identify various parameters and design of solar cells
- Analyse different types of solar cells based on the method of fabrication
- Discuss about various processes in the purification of silicon
- Differentiate between types of Solar PV systems and calculation of Life cycle costing of a PV system
- Discuss the positive and negative aspects of solar energy in relation to natural and humanaspects

Module I (15 Hours)

Design of Solar Cells - Upper limits of cell parameters: Short circuit current-open circuit voltage, fill factor - Losses in Solar cells - Model of a solar cell- effect of series and shunt resistance, solar radiation and temperature on the efficiency of solar cells-Solar cell design (qualitative)

Module II (20 Hours)

Types of Solar Cells: c-Si Solar Cells, GaAs Solar Cells, Poly crystalline Si Solar Cells, a-Si Solar Cells, Thin Film Solar Cells: Various layers of Thin film solar cells: Absorber layer, Window layer (CdS), Transparent conducting oxides (FTO, ZnO), Examples for thin film solar cells: CdTe, CIGS, CZTS based solar cells, Other Solar Cell technologies: organic solar cells, Dye sensitized Solar cells, Quantum Dot sensitized Solar cells (qualitative)

Module III (20 Hours)

Material Fabrication Technologies - Purification of silicon, zone refining and gettering, segregation coefficient. Growth of crystalline silicon, Bridgmann, Czochralski and floating zone methods. Epitaxial growth methods, MBE, MOCVD, LPE, VPE. Thin film deposition methods, evaporation, sputtering, wet chemical, spray pyrolysis, screenprinting.

- 1. Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamental, Technologies and Applications; C.S. Solanki; 2011; Prentice Hall ofIndia.
- 2. Handbook of Photovoltaic Science and Engineering; Antonio Luque, Steven Hegedus; 2003; John Wiley and Sons.

Module IV (20hrs)

Photovoltaic System Design and applications - Introduction to Solar PV systems, Stand alone PV system configuration: Type a, Type b, Type c, Type d, Type e, Type f-Hybrid PV systems: types of hybrid systems, issues -Simple Payback period - Life Cycle Costing: Time Value of money, Present worth of future one time investment, Present worth of future recurring investments, Life cycle cost-Annualised Life cycle costing-Unit cost of generated electricity

References

- 1. Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamental, Technologies and Applications; C.S. Solanki;2011; Prentice Hall ofIndia.
- 2. Handbook of Photovoltaic Science and Engineering; Antonio Luque, Steven Hegedus; 2003; John Wiley and Sons.

Additional reading

- 1. Physics of Solar Cells by Jenny Nels<mark>on</mark>
- 2. Solar Cells by Martin Green



Skill Component: Practical - Advanced Solar Photovoltaic Lab (REG5CRP0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Collect basic knowledge in solar photo voltaic system operations
- Analyze photovoltaic system performance and design.
- Understand advanced measurement technology, usage of new instruments.
- Analyze the relationship between current and voltage at various cell characteristics
- Understand the relationship between current and voltage for various module combination
- 1. Series and Parallel connection of solar cells
- 2. Study the temperature dependence of open-circuit voltage (Voc) and short-circuit current (Isc) of a solar cell
- 3. Study the variation of Voc and Iscof a solar cell with light intensity
- 4. I-V characteristics of a PV module-Calculation of series and shunt resistance
- 5. I-V characteristics of a PV module with variation in intensity of radiation.
- 6. P-V characteristics of a PV module with variation in intensity of radiation.
- 7. I-V characteristics of a PV module at different temperatures
- 8. P-V characteristics of a PV module at different temperatures
- 9. I-V characteristics with series combination of modules.
- 10. I-V characteristics with parallel combination of modules.
- 11. P-V characteristics with series combination of modules.
- 12. P-V characteristics with parallel combination of modules.

Skill Component: Practical-Advanced Solar Thermal Lab-I (REG5CRP0223)

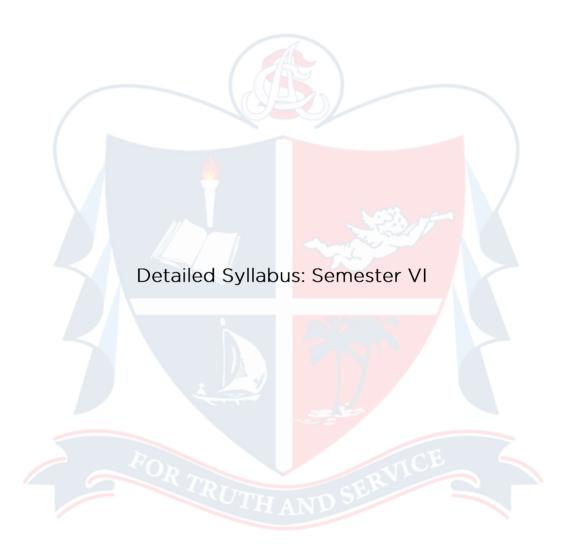
60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Experimental investigations of solar thermal systems and understand the implications of theresults.
- Estimate the system efficiency and heat loss of a parabolic trough solar concentrator.
- To study the effect of change in parameters such as wind speed, irradiation and ambient temperature
- To understand and compare the pressure in various tubes with design values
- To determine performance of collector with various parameters
- 1. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in thermos phonic mode of flowwith different tilt angle
- 2. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in forced mode of flow withfixed input parameters
- 3. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in forced mode of flow fordifferent flow rate
- 4. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in forced mode of flow fordifferent radiation level
- 5. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in forced mode of flow with different inlet water temperature
- 6. Evaluation of different parameters of Flat-Plate Collector in forced mode of flow fordifferent tilt angle.
- 7. To determine the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector with fixed input parameters (Forced mode). To determine the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector for different flow rates (Forced mode).
- 8. To determine the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector for different radiationlevel (Forced mode).

- 9. To determine the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector with different inlet watertemperature (Forced mode).
- 10. To determine the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector for various wind speed(convection losses).
- 11. To determine the variation of mean water-temperature in the storage tank with different tank volumes.





General Component: Physics-V: Spectroscopy and Experimental Techniques (RPH6CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Discuss the basic elements of spectroscopy
- Identify various spectroscopic techniques
- Discover the recent advances in vacuum science and applications
- Organize the knowledge towards recent advances in spectroscopy
- Apply the spectroscopic techniques in renewable energy production area

Module I (15 Hours)

Spectroscopy, Basic elements of practical spectroscopy- Regions of spectrum-Fine structure of Hydrogen atom- Rotational and vibrational spectra of rigid diatomic molecules- Raman effect- quantum theory

Reference

Introduction to Modern Physics- H.S. Mani and G.K.Mehta

Module II (15 Hours)

Spectroscopic techniques, Qualitative ideas of: Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy, UV- Vis-NIR spectroscopy, Photoluminescence technique, Raman spectroscopy, X-ray PhotoelectronSpectroscopy

Reference

Semiconductor material and device characterization; Dieter K. Schroder; 2006; Wiley-Interscience

Module III (15 Hours)

Vacuum Techniques-Vacuum Physics: Application of Vacuum Technology in Solar thermal -Vacuum aspects of IC chip/Solar PV cell manufacturing, gas properties, gas flow regimes, gas transport properties, gas conductance of apertures, elbows, tubes etc. for viscous and molecular flow regimes, principles of pumping concepts (vacuum pumps), vacuum measurement, leak detection, source of gases in vacuum system, evaluation of gas load, vacuum system design

Reference

Vacuum technology; A. Roth; 1990; Elsevier Science.

Module IV (15 Hours)

Qualitative ideas of: Basic optical microscopy-Electron microscopy: SEM and TEM-Probe Microscopy: STM, AFM-Diffraction techniques: XRD-Thermal analysis: Thermo- gravimetric analysis (TGA).

Reference

Semiconductor material and device characterization; Dieter K. Schroder; 2006; Wiley-Interscience



General Component: Physics-VI: Power Electronics (RPH6CMT0223)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Recall types of FET, its use and applications
- Analyze the construction and operation of Thyristors, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC
- Describe the purpose and operation of UJT and SCS
- Discuss the operation and characteristics of controlled rectifiers
- Apply the theory and operating principles in conversion and control of electric power from renewable energy sources

Module I (15 Hours)

Field-Effect Transistors (FET)-Types of FET -MOSFETs- Types-Depletion type-Enhancement type- IGBT-Power quality- Filter- PWM-Dead Band-Drive microcontroller

Module II (15 Hours)

Thyristors, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC-Basic ideas and Types of Thyristors-Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR)-biasing-operation- equivalent circuit-Characteristics-SCR ratings-Series and parallel combination of SCR- Applications- Basic construction of Diac- V-I characteristic- Applications- TRIAC- Operation- V-I characteristics-TRIAC ratings-Applications

Module III (15 Hours)

UJT and SCS-Uni Junction Transistor (UJT)-construction-equivalent circuit-intrinsic standoff ratio- Operation- V-I characteristics-Applications- Basic ideas of Silicon Controlled Switch (SCS)- operation-SCS application-Silicon Unilateral Switch (SUS)-Silicon Bilateral Switch (SBS) - Silicon Asymmetrical Switch (SAS).

Module IV (15 Hours)

Controlled Rectifiers-Introduction-SCR - Power control using SCR - SCR half wave rectifier - Average values of load voltage and current - 90°Variable Half Wave Rectifier - 180° Variable Half Wave Rectifier - SCR Full Wave Rectifier - UJT Triggered SCR phase control -TRIAC power control - DIAC-TRIAC Phase

Control Circuit - General ideas of Inverters- Single phase inverter - Push-pull inverter.

Reference

A Text book of Applied Electronics; R.S. Sedha; 2005; S. Chand and Co.



General Component: Renewable Energy-XIV: Fuel Cell Systems and Hydrogen (REG6CMT0123)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Explain the basics of fuel cells
- Discuss the various types of fuel cells
- Illustrate the properties of hydrogen and its production
- Describe the storage and various application of hydrogen
- Apply the different hydrogen production and storage techniques from renewable energysources while reducing operating and capital costs.

Module I (15 Hours)

Fuel Cells: History – Need for fuel cells- Applications- principle - working - thermodynamics and kinetics of fuel cell process –performance evaluation of fuel cell – comparison on battery Vs fuelcell.

References

- 1. Fuel Cells: Theory and Application; Hart, A.B and G.J.Womack; 1989; First Edition; PrenticeHall.
- 2. Fuel Cell and Their Applications; Kordesch, K and G.Simader; 1996; First Edition; Wiley-VCH, Germany.
- 3. Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Emerging Technologies and Applications; Bent Sorensen; 2005; Illustrated Edition Elsevier Academic Press, UK.
- 4. Hydrogen Energy: Challenges and Prospects; David Anthony James Rand and Ronald Dell;2008; The Royal Society of Chemistry, UK.

Module II (15 Hours)

Fuel Cell Types: Types of fuel cells - Alkaline Fuel Cell, Phosphoric Acid Fuel Cell, Solid OxideFuel Cell, Molten Carbonate Fuel Cell, Direct Methanol Fuel Cell, Proton-exchange Membrane Fuel Cell.

References

1. Fuel Cell and Their Applications; Kordesch, K and G.Simader; 1996; First

Edition; Wiley-VCH, Germany.

- 2. Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Emerging Technologies and Applications; Bent Sorensen; 2005; Illustrated Edition Elsevier Academic Press, UK.
- 3. Hydrogen Energy: Challenges and Prospects; David Anthony James Rand and Ronald Dell;2008; The Royal Society of Chemistry,UK.

Module III (15 Hours)

Hydrogen and production techniques: Hydrogen - physical and chemical properties, salient characteristics. Production of hydrogen - steam reforming - water electrolysis - gasification and woody biomass conversion - biological hydrogen production - photo dissociation - direct thermal or catalytic splitting ofwater.

References

- 1. Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Emerging Technologies and Applications; Bent Sorensen; 2005; Illustrated Edition Elsevier Academic Press, UK.
- 2. Hydrogen Energy: Challenges and Prospects; David Anthony James Rand and Ronald Dell;2008; The Royal Society of Chemistry, UK.

Module IV (15 Hours)

Hydrogen Storage and Applications: Hydrogen storage options – compressed gas –liquid hydrogen – Hydride – chemical Storage – comparisons. Hydrogen transmission systems. Applications of Hydrogen.

References

- 1. Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Emerging Technologies and Applications; Bent Sorensen; 2005; Illustrated Edition Elsevier Academic Press, UK.
- 2. Hydrogen Energy: Challenges and Prospects; David Anthony James Rand and RonaldDell;2008;

Skill Component: Renewable Energy-XV: Energy Management and Auditing (REG6CRT0123)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- Understand the Indian energy scenario, energy policies, pricing and reforms
- Understand the importance of implementing energy audits as part of energy efficiency and conservation exercise
- Develop a platform for the implementation of energy saving measures based on the energyaudit report outcome
- Analyze the quality of measuring instruments
- Explain the implementation of energy saving measures based on the energy audit reportoutcome

Module I (15 Hours)

Energy Scenario - Introduction - Types of energy sources - Indian energy scenario-Energy V/s economic growth - Energy Policies, pricing & reforms. - Energy security - Energy strategy for future-Basic of energy & its various forms - Various forms of energy - Terms & definitions used in thermal energy - Energy - Units & Conversion

Module II (20 Hours)

Energy Management & Audit - Definition and Objective of Energy Management - Principle of Energy Management - Energy Management skills - Energy Management Strategies-Energy Audit

- Types & Methodology - Energy Audit Reporting format - understanding energy carts - Bench marking & energy performance - Matching energy to requirement Maximizing System - Fuel & energy Substitution.

Module III (20 Hours)

Initializing and Organizing - Managing Energy Management Programmers - Organizing Energy Management Programmers - Initializing Energy Management Programmers - Initializing Planning, Leading, Controlling - Promoting, Monitoring and Reporting. Energy Action Planning - Key Elements - Force Field Analysis -

Energy Policy - Organizing - Location of energy Manager - Top Management Support - Energy Manager: Responsibilities & duties to be assigned under energy conservation Act 2001 -accountability Motivation of Employees - Requirements for Energy Action Planning - Information System, marketing & Communicating - Planning & Training.

Module IV (20 Hours)

Energy Audit Instruments - Principal and working of Electrical Measuring Instruments (Voltmeter, ammeter ,Power Factor meter, Tri-vector meters for , Speedometer contact /non- contact type) - Flue gas analyzer , Principal of measurements by Chemical Methods, Electronic Methods, - Temperature Measurement Contact type methods, Non Contact type methods - Pressure and velocity Measurement (Bourdon gauge, Manometers, Anemometer) - Flow Measurement of steam, water and air -Humidity Measurement and leak Detectors

Reference

- 1. Energy Management Handbook; Wayne C. Turner; 2001; FairmontPress
- 2. General Aspects of Energy Management & Energy Audit, Bureau of Energy Efficiency



Skill Component: Practical-Advanced Solar Thermal Lab-II (REG6CRP0123)

75 Hours 5 Credits

Course outcomes

- Experimental investigations of solar thermal systems and understand the implications of theresults.
- Estimate the charging period and discharging period of heat transfer fluid.
- To study the performance analysis of paraffin wax based latent heat thermal energy storagesystems with different heat exchangers
- To do the performance analysis of a Fatty acid based thermal energy storage system with different insulating materials: an experimental study
- To collaborate with industry and research field

List of Experiments

- 1. Installation of a flat-plate collector
- 2. To determine the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector with varying solar radiation
- 3. To determine the effect of tilt on the performance of the Parabolic Trough collector.
- 4. Installation of solar water heater
- 5. Performance analysis of a solar water heater under full sun
- 6. Performance analysis of a solar water heater by varying the radiation intensity
- 7. Construction of a solar cooker
- 8. Study the performance of a solar cooker using different types of raw food items
- 9. Assembling and installing a solar drier
- 10. Performance analysis of a solar drier
- 11. Familiarization of a solar tracker
- 12. Installation of solar tracker



Skill Component:Practical – Experimental Techniques and Power Electronics (REG6CRP0223)

60 Hours 4 Credits

Course outcomes

- Develop power semiconductor circuits to electrical power system.
- Examine firing circuit for Thyristors.
- Develop power semiconductor circuits to electrical power system.
- Analyze the operation of converters.
- Describe the control in grid connected renewable energy systems
- 1. JFET characteristics (Static drain characteristics-Calculation of parameters)
- 2. UJT characteristics
- 3. SCR Characteristics
- 4. DIAC Characteristics
- 5. TRIAC Characteristics
- 6. MOSFET characteristics
- 7. Familiarization of Pirani and Penning Gauge
- 8. Pumping speed of rotary pump
- 9. Pumping speed of diffusion pump
- 10. Study of degassing
- 11. Familiarization of thermal evaporation
- 12. Familiarization of radiant heater and temperature controller.

Skill Component: Internship with Project (REG6CPR0123)

4 Credits

Course Outcomes

- To develop abilities to manage the organization's operations, with a focus on renewable technology, management, and other innovations in the field.
- To develop the presentation skill, a comprehensive report has to be prepared and presented to the concerned authority.
- To assess the practical expertise gained during training.

After the completion of the sixth semester, students will have to undergo a minimum of 3 weeks internship programme in a reputed renewable energy firm/company approved by the department, to understand various aspects in a design production atmosphere and innovative technologies in the renewable energy sector. Students can choose a business organization in India or abroad for their internship. College will provide a certificate to prove their identity. Organizations having a minimum of two years of experience in the concerned field can be chosen.

At the end of the internship, students should prepare a comprehensive report. The report and the specimens of the work done by the student should be attested by the organization. Students should also produce a certificate of internship from the organization. The report should be neatly typed in A4 size paper and in bound form having not less than 25 pages. A copy of the report has to be submitted to the department before the open-viva-voce. The department has to conduct an open- viva - voce for each student to evaluate the practical skill acquired by them from the training.

Gist of Changes

Gist of Changes proposed in the syllabus of B.Voc. RENEWABLE ENERGY from 2023 admission onwards:

SEMESTER	EXISTING	UPDATED
I,II,III,IV,V,VI	All course codes are ending with 20	All course codes are ending with 23
I	General Component : REG1CMT0120 Fundamentals of computer-4 credits	General Component: REG1CMP0123 Fundamentals of computer-4 credits
II	Skill component : REG2HOT0120 - HOT - 4 credits	Skill component : REG2CPR0123 - Internship (includes field visit) - 4 credits
	General Component: RCH3CMT0120 Chemistry-II: PhysicalChemistry - 4 credits Skill component: REG3CRP0220 Practical- Fluid dynamics & Wind Energy -4 credits	Education- 4 credits Skill component :
IV	General Component: REG4CMT0320 Environmental Education- 4 credits Skill component: REG4OJT0120-4 credits	General Component: RCH4CMT0123 Chemistry-II: PhysicalChemistry - 4 credits Skill component : REG4CRP0223 Practical- Fluid dynamics & WindEnergy -4 credits
	General Component: Physics-V: Spectroscopy and Experimental Techniques (RPH6CMT0120)-4	General Component: Physics-V: Spectroscopy and Experimental Techniques

_

VΙ

credits

(RPH6CMT0123)-4 credits

Module III - Vacuum

Vacuum Techniques - 15 hours

Vacuum Physics: Important and fields applications of vacuum, gas properties, gas flow regimes, gas transport properties, gas conductance of apertures, elbows, tubes etc. for viscous and molecular flow regimes, principles of pumping concepts (vacuum pumps), vacuum measurement, leak detection, source of gases in vacuum system, evaluation of gas load, vacuum system design

Skill component : REG6CPR0120-Final Project - 4 credits

Module III- Vacuum

Vacuum Techniques – 15 hours

Vacuum Physics: Application of Vacuum Technology in -Vacuum Solar thermal aspects of IC chip/Solar PV cell manufacturing, aas properties, gas flow regimes, gas transport properties, gas conductance of apertures. elbows, tubes etc. for viscous and molecular flow regimes, principles of pumping concepts (vacuum pumps), vacuum measurement, leak detection, source of gases in vacuum system, evaluation of gas load, vacuum system desian

Skill component : REG6CPR0123- Internship with Project (includes industrial visit) - 4 credits

Department of Renewable Energy